The North Carolinian.

VOLUME IV. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1872. NUMBER 11.

NORTH CAROLINIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,

BY PALEMON JOHN.

Office on North-east corner of Main and Road Sts.

TERMS:—Two Dollars a year, in advance. If not paid in advance $2,50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

	1w.	2w.	4w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1yr.
1 inch	$1 00	$1 50	$2 50	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 inches	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	20 00
3 inches	2 50	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	18 00	25 00
4 inches	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	19 50	30 00
1 column	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
2 columns	5 00	12 00	15 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00
4 col'n	12 00	16 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS inserted in the Directory for two dollars a year for the first two lines. One dollar for each additional line.

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NOTICES IN LOCAL COLUMN—Twenty cents per line.

No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

All transient advertisements and job work must be paid for when ordered.

Persons lifting and using the papers addressed to others, become subscribers and are liable for the price of the paper.

☞ Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting. Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be easily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.

ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n1-1y

J. CORR, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st. opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

JAMES E. BALL, attorney and counsellor at law, office east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

DR. W. G. POOL, physician and surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main street, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1y

DR. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Leather Hill; residence, Ehringhaus st. v1n1-1y

DR. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Keeling's store, cor. Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

DR. R. H. McINTOSH, physician, office Road street, formerly old Post Office. v1n1-1y

DR. I. T. ANDREWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n1-1y

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOK, watches, clocks, &c., &c., Road st., east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

J. C. ETHERIDGE & Bro, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

DR. JAMES N. BUTT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c., South West corner Church and Road Sts. 45-1y

DR. KREIS & CO., drugs, paints, oils, &c., South east corner of Main and Road Sts. 45-1y

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

LAND AND LUMBER CO OF N. C., dealers in real estate, lumber, shingles and general merchandize, water street, south of Main. v1n1-1y

ZENAS FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, hats, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

S. WEISEL, ladies' dress goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 3 Road street. v1n1-1y

W. BROWN, Groceries, Liquors &c., also, Bowling Alley, Main St. near the Market. 47-1y

W. M. STEGER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

SURVEYING.

W. H. Weatherly, Topographical Drawing and Surveying in all its branches.

HOTELS.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, Jos. G. Russell, proprietor, Boarding and lodging. Main st., west of Road. n2-1y

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, pro'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

LIVERY STABLES

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. B. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st. south of Church. v1n1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO.'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent, southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter, Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. H. CLARK, Agricultural Depot, dealer in agricultural implements, Water st. v1n1-1y

W. C. DAWSON'S Galery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5—1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achoree Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. J. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½, and in Winter, 7 o'c.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of May.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—T. A. Commander, J. H. Ziegler, J. Russel Bass, Lancaster Brothers and Jno. Ballance Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney, C W Grandy, Jr. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Auctioneer—A L Jones.

POST OFFICE—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

CHURCHES.—First M E Church, Rev S. S. Lambeth Pastor—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—S. School at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Services 10½ a. m., and 4½ p. m. Service in chapel for colored people at 8 p. m.—Baptist Church, Rev R. R. Overby.—Sunday services at 7½ o'clock, p. m., and on the fourth Sunday of each month at 11 o'clock, a. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Prayer Meeting on Sunday mornings (except fourth Sunday), after school.—Zion A M E Church, Rev W H Pitts, Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Friends Meeting every Sabbath at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Dr. Wm. Underwood.

LODGES.—Achoree, Lodge No 14, I O of O F.—Meets every Thursday evening.—Talula Encampment No. 8 I. O. O. F., meets on 2d and 4th Tuesday in each month.—Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity.—Meets alternate Tuesday nights.—Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets at ernate Thursday nights.

MASONIC—Eureka Lodge, meets on first Monday night of each month.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William E Vaughan; Treasurer, R C Brothers; Coroner, Silas Commander; Register of Deeds, John T. Price; Surveyor, J. Q. A. Wood; Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones; Commissioners, C. W. Smith, Edmund Daily, J. S. Wilcox, Emanuel Davis and Abraham Morris; Commissioner's Attorney, W. H. Smith.—Representative, F. M. Griffey.

SUPERIOR COURT—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector of Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 10th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 6th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck, (Court 14 Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.,) Gates, (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court 3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 8th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare, (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island,) Judge Hon. J. W. ALBERTSON, Hertford; Solicitor, WILLIS BAGLEY, of Perquimans.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh; U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, S. T. Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at Elizabeth City; S T Bond, Clerk. Fourth Monday in April and October at New Bern; Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October, at Wilmington, Wm. Larkins Cleek

BUSINESS CARDS.

NEWS EMPORIUM.

THE undersigned having purchased the Elizabeth City "News Emporium," has removed it to Water Street, where he will keep the Newspapers and Periodicals of the day. Also

STATIONERY.

of all kinds, as Writing Paper, Ink, Pens, Pencils, Blank Books, &c.

P. W. MELICK.

ELIZABETH CITY, June 20th.—6m

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS,

OILS,

GLASS,

VARNISHES,

PERFUMERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

☞ Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C. Jan., 20 70.

ELIZABETH CITY SKATING RINK,

J. M. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

The regular Skating Assemblies will be held in Wood's Hall, on Road street on every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings at 7½ o'clock. 10-tf.

I. A. COHN.

Dealer in

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS,

CAPS,

DRESS GOODS

AND GENERAL

MERCHANDIZE.

Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ The cheapest place in the City. 3-tf.

SMITH, DIXON & CO.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE,

338 CHARLES ST, BALTIMORE, MD.

Manufacturers of paper, machine made paper bags, and dealers in all descriptions of Paper, Card board, Twines and Ink. 32-1y

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see.

WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

HENRY B. COLEMAN.

Practical Painter and Grainer. Also practical Paper Hanger.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. May 12, 1870. 1y.

BRICK! BRICK!!

AT THE ELIZABETH CITY BRICK YARD

I am prepared to furnish Brick at all times and in quantities to suit purchasers. Parties desiring brick for building, paving, or for any other use, are respectfully solicited to call at my yard and examine for themselves both as to quality and price.

E. B. BROWER.

ELIZ. CITY, Jan. 18th, 1872-1y.

J. M. MATHEWS,

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

OFFICE—GUIRKIN BUILDING NEAR COR. MAIN & ROAD STS,

44-tf. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. H. SMITH— —J. H. SHAW.

SMITH AND SHAW,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

Will attend to all matters intrusted to us in the Superior, Supreme and Federal Courts of North Carolina. Collections promptly made. 35-tf.

DR. R. K. SPEED.

General Life, Fire and Marine In's Ag't

S. E. corner of Main and ——— St.,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Capital Represented $40,000,000.

Issues every *desirable* kind of Life Policy, *Mutual and Stock.*

Insurable property placed in *First-class* Companies *at lowest rates.*

Will adjust *Life and Fire* losses in any part of Eastern North Carolina.

April 11th, 1872.—1yr.

WALTER CLARK.— —J. M. MULLEN.

CLARK & MULLEN,

Attorneys at Law,

Halifax, N. C.

PRACTICE in all the courts of Halifax, Northampton, Edgecomb and Martin Counties, in the Supreme Court of North Carolina and in the Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of North Carolina.

N. B. One of the firm will attend at office in Scotland Neck on Saturday of every week. March 7th, 1872.—1yr.

C. W. GRANDY, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND

GENERAL COLLECTOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Office North side of Main Street.

Jan. 13, 1870-1y.

PROFESSIONAL.—DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

☞ Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

May 26, 1870-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW EATING SALOON!

FOWLER'S BUILDING ON WATER ST.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MEALS at all hours. Special accomodations for Ladies.

Fruits and Confectionaries of all kinds always on hand.

J. D. FULMER,

27-vol. 3-1y. Proprietor.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—Having purchased Winner's Gallery I take this method of announcing to my friends and the public that I will continue the business in all its departments. Having had over a dozen years experience I flatter myself to be able to give full satisfaction. My instruments and material are all of the very best. My sky light is of the latest improved, enabling me to take pictures in cloudy weather as well as clear. All work guaranteed or the picture taken over or the money refunded.

WM. C. DAWSON.

E. City, May 11, 1871.—tf.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.

Elizabe City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869-1y.

W. H. CLARK'S

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MR. CLARK would announce to the public that he has again re-opened his large establishment at which the following Machinery is Manufactured, Horse Powers, different Sizes and Patterns, Corn Shellers for Hand or Horse Power, Wheat Threshers, different sizes, Corn and Wheat Fans.

PLOUGHS of Different Patterns and Sizes always on hand, also, Corn Planters, Straw Cutters, Horse Rakes, Scythes, Reap Hooks and all kinds of Agricultural Machinery repaired at Short Notice.

36—1y.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

T. D. Pendleton, Proprietor.

This well-known house is located conveniently for the traveling public, being near the boat landing. Especial attention is taken to make guests comfortable. Charges moderate. 22-1y

Intelligence Office.

THE subscriber has opened an "Intelligence Office." Persons wishing employment, either on the farm or as servants in the house, can find employment by leaving their names with me, with good references: and those wishing hands or servants can be supplied. Terms moderate.

☞ I am still Agent for Smith's Vapor Gas Lamp.

Office on Road Street, near the Canal Bridge.

CHARLES S. DAVIS.

Elizabeth City, N. C. 40—3m.

THE RED FLAG.

Ah! what does that Red Flag mean on Leather Hill? It means that is the place to get all your old tin ware repaired, such as, coffee pots, tea pots, oil cans, etc., etc.

Come one, come all, and get your tin ware mended at the shortest notice, conducted by

H. O. HILL.

E. City, N. C., March 14th, 1872. 38-tf.

MERCHANDIZE AT THE CANAL BRIDGE.

HAVING purchased the Stock of J. P. Grandy, I propose keeping open at the old stand and will keep a good assortment of all kinds of Goods. I ask of all my friends and the public to give me a call. I will spare no effort to give satisfaction.

C. B. BROTHERS,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

May 30th, 1872.—tf.

BANKING HOUSES.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEO. D. POOL, *Pres't.*; R. F. OVERMAN, *Cash.*
Dr. P. JOHN, Hon. JOHN POOL,
Hon. C. C POOL, C. W. HOLLOWELL,
C. W. SMITH,

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869-1y.

GUIRKIN & CO.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

COBB'S BRICK BUILDING, ROAD ST,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do a general Banking business,

Buy and Sell, Gold and Silver, Domestic and Foreign Exchange,

Deal in State, County and Corporation Bonds and Stocks.

☞ *Interest allowed on Deposits.*

Also Agents for FIRST CLASS LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Policies effected at lowest rates and in best Companies in the world. 28-tf.

LIVERY STABLES.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

At Elizabeth City, N. C.

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.—38—1y.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continues to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire. Persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road Street near the canal bridge.

1 yr. C. B. BROTHERS.

Poetry.

Love's Reason.

Why do I love my darling so?
Good faith, my heart, I hardly know,
I have such store of reasons;
'Twould take me all a Summer day—
Nay, saying half that I could say
Would fill the circling seasons.

Because her eyes are softly brown,
My dove, who quietly hath flown
To me as to her haven?
Because her hair is soft, and laid
Madonna-wise in simple braid,
And jetty as the raven?

Because her lips are sweet to touch,
Not chill, nor fiery overmuch,
But softly warm as roses.
Dear lips that chasten while they move.
Lips that a man may dare to love,
Till earthly love-time closes?

Because her hand is soft and white,
Of touch so tender and so light,
That where her slender finger
Doth fall or move, the man to whom
The guards of Eden whispered "Come!"
Beneath its spell might linger?

Because her heart is woman-soft,
So true, so tender, that I oft
Do marvel that a treasure,
So rich, so rare, to me should fall,
Whose sole desert—so small, so small,
Is—loving past all measure?

Because she has such store of moods,
So archly smiles, so staidly broods,
So lovingly caresses.
So that my heart may never tire
Of monotone, or more desire
Than she, my love, possesses?

Ah me! what know or what care I?
Or what hath love to do with "why?"
How simple is the reason!
I love her—for she is my love,
And shall while stars shall shine above,
And season follow season.

—*From All the Year Round.*

Selected Story.

Mr. Bolton's Trip to the City.

BY O. S. ADAMS.

Mr. Simon Bolton prided himself on being one of the shrewdest men in Danbury. Danbury was a small place—indeed so small, many said, that they wondered how it could hold a man of Mr. Bolton's caliber. He was a large, full-framed, full-fleshed individual, with a head set ostentatiously back on his shoulders, a warlike-looking mouth, and a pair of cold, calculating eyes. He walked with an obtrusive swagger, and always seemed ready to discharge a shower of abuse at any one who should be so unlucky as to cross his path to be in his way. He had accumulated considerable property, and was reckoned one of the most substantial men of the town, as he was in reality one of the most overbearing. He attributed his success in making money solely to his inimitable shrewdness; and truly, if shrewdness consisted in finding out the details of his neighbors, affairs, ascertaining their wants and needs, and appearing in the righ time with a few hundred dollars to extort ten per cent, a month or so, then Mr. Bolton was a very shrewd man. Ah, how shrewd!

He never wasted anything, or squandered money for needles luxuries. One of his proudest boasts was that he had never spent one dollar for newspapers of any kind or description. And thereby hangs a tale—in fact, *this* tale, for if Mr. Bolton had read the newspapers it is exceedingly improbable that the present history would have been written.

One fine spring morning Mr. Bolton astonished his family and neighbors by announcing that he was going to take a pleasure trip to New York. Many were the expressions of wonder and curious questions in regard to the inspiring cause of his unwonted extravagance, all of which he treared in a manner comporting with his dignity. With very few would he deign to converse on the subject at all—these favored ones being as wealthy, or wealthier, than himself. Until the hour of departure his whole family was in a state of confusion and uproar, and, it might be added, terror, over the preparations for the grand event, for Mr. Bolton made his importance felt at home as offensively as elswhere.

The day arrived. Mr. Bolton placed in his wallet a hundred dollar greenback and one hundred dollars in smaller bills, and hired a conveyance to the railroad station, four miles distant. He was in due time comfortably seated in a car, where he glanced around at his fellow passengers, as if expecting all of them to stare at him in awe; for this journey to New York was a grand event in his life—an event in which he fondly imagined himself to be an exceptionally favored individual. When he returned, his importance would be magnified ten-fold; he would tower above his fellow citizens with more unbearable haughtiness, if possible, than ever before.

However, he did not attract any particular attention; in fact the majestic bearing he assumed seemed quite lost on the obtuse crowd around him. So, with a feeling of disgust, he soon settled himself back in his seat as comfortable as possible, and, gazing out of the window at the flying trees and fields, surrendered himself to the novelty of the situation. When the conductor came alone, Mr. Bolton found some gratification in displaying, ostentatiously, his hundred dollar greenback and thick roll of small bill, as he took out his ticket. He noticed that a few stared at him rather curiously as he did this, but he did *not* observe the sharp, eager glance of a respectable looking, rather young and very meek appearing man who sat on the opposite side of the car. It was not long before the meek appearing man rose, with a yawn and a stretch, and accosted Mr. Bolton.

"Pretty tedious work." he said, wearly, "traveling three days and three nights without stopping."

"Yes," said Mr. Bolton, "I should think in would be."

"Awful!" said the man. "I beg your pardon, is this seat occupied? The sun comes in the other side so, that I'll sit with you, if you have no objections?"

"Oh, no!" said Mr. Bolton affably.

The man's tone and manner seemed to convey a little covert homage to his imposing appearance, and he made room for him.

"Going to the city!" asked the stranger.

"Yes—to New York."

"Beautiful tract of country we are passing through."

"Yes, we have some very good farming lands."

"I should judge, too, that they were in the right hands to make the most of them," said the stranger, significantly. "I'll wager anything that the people in this section are intelligent and shrewd."

"Well, perhaps so," said Mr. Bolton.

"Oh, I know it. I infer that you live about here. I saw you get aboard."

"Yes, but I am not a farmer."

"That may be. But the presence of enterprising and wide-awake men has an immense influence over a community. Industry is encouraged, and all that, you know."

"Well you may be right," replied Mr. Bolton, with a slight smile and inflation of his chest.

"Going to buy goods?" asked the stranger.

"No. I thought I would run down and take a look at the city for a few days."

"Oh! well, it is a pretty good sized town"—in a facetious tone.

"You are right, there," replied Mr. Bolton, laughing, as if the metropolis were as familiar to him as the handwriting of his numerous debtors.

"Well, I shall be your companion nearly to New York. My name is Grabber. Yours, if I might be so bold, is—"

"Bolton, sir, Simon Bolton."

"I am happy to know you, Mr. Bolton. We may find it agreeable to remain together until our journeys diverge."

"Certainly," responded Mr. Bolton.

"There is nothing like having an agreeable company on a long journy," said Mr. Grabber. "And, by the way, where shall you stop. I am going on to-morrow. We may meet in the city."

"I hadn't thought of that yet," said Mr. Bolton. "I shall, of course, put up at the best hotel."

"Of course. The Metropolitan is as good as any. If you will be there to-morrow toward evening, I will meet you."

"Very well," said Mr. Bolton, "I will stop at the Metropolitan."

"Any of the hack drivers will take you there."

"Yes I know it"—with a little upheaval of dignity.

"You are posted, I should judge," said Mr. Grabber, with an admiring smile. "I should take you to be a man that couldn't be hoodwinked very easily."

"Well, without boasting——"

"Oh, yes, I don't need anything to satisfy me on that point. I can see it in your eye."

Thus the time was consumed with entertaining conversation, and Mr. Bolton was highly pleased with his new acquaintance. He was charmingly frank, and they chatted together like old friends. After the lapse of an hour or so, Mr. Bolton noticed a gruff looking man, with a fierce, red mustache and a pair of glittering eye-glasses, come walking slowly through the car, peering into the faces of the passengers. He stopped suddenly and seanned Mr. Grabber incently. The latter seemed a little uneasy under the scrutiny.

The gruff looking man took a document from his pocket and briefly inspected its contents.

"Is your name Grabber?" he demanded, at length, looking up.

"Yes," said Mr. Grabber, in apparent surprise.

"I though so. I have a little business with you. Will you step this way?"

"Oh, if you have any business with me," said Mr. Grabber, courteously, "it can be transacted right here. The presence of my friend"—pointing to Mr. Bolton—"need not interfere."

"Very well; suit yourself. I have a freight bill of a hundred and four dollars on those goods of yours."

"A freight bill?"

"Yes, sir, a freight bill. I suppose you are ready to pay it?"

"Your supposition is incorrect, sir. This is a pretty time to come to a man on such business. I'll pay the freight when I get the goods."

"The goods will not go five miles further until the bill is paid," said the gruff man firmly.

"By George! This is an outrage!"

"Come, now, don't get huffy, it won't do any good."

"But it is a very strange proceeding."

"I have my instructions, which are to collect the bill. You had better pay it."

"Shouldn't you call this a strange way of doing business?" asked Mr. Grabber, turning to Mr. Bolton. "I bought a lot of goods at an assignee's sale, up in the interior, and shipped them, supposing everything to be all right; and now they demand freight. If I had been expecting such a thing, I would have been prepared. However, I suppose it has got to be paid. See here my friend"—turning to the freight agent—"I'll pay that bill, but you will have to take a check on a New York bank."

"Can't do it. The rules forbid us to take anything but currency."

"Rules be bothered!" exclaimed Mr. Grabber, drawing from his pocket-book a check. "Take this; it's as good as the gold."

"I presume it's all right, but I can't take it. If I was going through to the city, it might be different. But, as things are, it can't be helped. Sorry."

"Then I'm in a bad fix," said Mr. Grabber, gloomily. "But, Mr. Bolton, perhaps you can help me out. Here is a check for a hundred and fifty dollars on the Park Bank of New York. If you can advance me a hundred and four dollars, I will leave the check in your hands, and you can draw the money when you reach the city. You can hand me the balauce to-morrow evening, at the Metropolitan. I dislike to ask such a favor, but I wouldn't mind allowing you a handsome percentage."

"It's all right," said Mr Bolton. "I will let you have the money. A hundred and four dollars, is it?"

"That is the amount. I am a thousand times obliged. It will help me out of a most embarrassing scrape."

"There are a hundred and five," said Mr. Bolton, producing his hundred dollar greenback and a five dollar bill.

"Thanks! Thanks! Can you give me a dollar, Mr. Agent?"—handing him the two bills.

"No, but we can get some small bills of the conductor. He is in the forward car."

"We will wait till he comes through."

"I am sorry to have caused you so much trouble," said the agent," but you mustn't blame me. The Company's instructions have to be carried out."

"We will not discuss the matter," said Mr. Grabber, stiffly; "but I shall take care what line I patronize in the future. As for you, Mr. Bolton, I cannot find words to thank you."

"Don't speak of it," returned Mr. Bolton. "I am always willing to accomodate a friend when it lies in my power."

The train was now approaching a station, and coming to a halt.

"Now will be a good time to see the conductor and get the change," said the agent. "We might as well have everything straight at once."

"I'll go with him," said Mr. Grabber, in a low voice, to Mr. Bolton, "and make sure of the dollar that's coming to me."

Mr. Bolton saw them approach the conductor who had stepped upon the platform in front of the depot. They spoke a few words to him, but he shook his head. They then went into the ticket office. Mr. Bolton watched for their reappearance. But they were detained an unaccountably long time. Finally the whistle sounded, and the train started, but they did not appear. Mr. Bolton grew anxious on his friend's account. He opened the window and shouted but to no effect. The speed with which the train was moving off increased until a good headway was attained. It was not until then that the tardy ones appeared. They looked around wildly for a moment. and then, as if truth had just dawned upon them, started on a run to catch the train. Mr. Bolton encouraged them by wild gesticulations. But the chase was a vain one. They gave it up after the most frantic efforts, Mr. Grabber signifying by gestures that he woud be with Mr. Bolton on the following day.

"All on account of that confounded freight agent," muttered Mr. Bolton, drawing his flushed and perspiring face in the window.

"Friend left?" asked one who sat near him.

"Yes," growled Mr. Bolton shortly, wiping his brow.

He was moody and taciturn for the remainder of the journey, and when the shades of night began to gather, composed himself as best he could and dropped off into a slumber.

The night brought forth nothing worthy of note. About eight o'clock in the morning they were in the great city. Mr. Bolton stretched himself, and alighted from the cars. The bustle and din deafened him almost to distraction. He took refuge behind a huge pile of trunks, and surveyed the field. His mind was soon made up. With rapid strides he made his way out of the scene of confusion, heedless of the hackmen's frantic yells, and the eager offers of small boys to carry his satchel.

He was soon on a narrow street, lined on either side with stores that presented an unprecedentedly busy appearance. Everybody was in hurry. Mr. Bolton contemplated his surroundings in wonder, but soon found that he must exercise all his wits to prevent being jostled off the sidewalk. The spirit of the place took posession of him, and he began to walk at such a pace that the perspiration rolled from his brow in huge drops, and he panted furiously. He was proceeding at this unwonted gate when a placard in front of a clothing store attracted his attention. He came to an abrupt halt, and read as follows:

"Splendid Lot of Fashionable Clothes, Bought at a Bankrupt Sale, to be Disposed of at a Sacrifice."

"Here's a change," thought Mr. Bolton, "I might as well have a coat of city cut, and no doubt one can be bought here cheap. I'll go in."

He was met at the door by an elegantly dressed personage, with a smiling countenance.

"Shall I show you something, sir?" asked the man politely.

"I don't know," replied Mr. Bolton; "I thought if you had a coat——"

"Coat? Yes sir. We claim to have the best assortment of coats to be found in the city. You are just in time, too, for they are going off like hot cakes."

"I want something stylish, you know."

"Exactly. We don't keep anything else. Just step this way. It wont do any harm to look, even if you don't buy. But you *will* buy. if you are a man of taste, as I take you to be."

Several coats were handed to Mr. Bolton, who tried them on. At last, one seemed to fit exactly.

"How much do you ask for this one?"

"Let me see—twenty-two dollars for that, and dirt cheap, too. They wholesale three months ago for twenty-nine."

"Did they?" asked Mr. Bolton.

"Yes; but the man who owned the stock was closed up, as you saw by the placard outside. Melancholy circumstances, too. But, sir, isn't that a little tight under the arms?"

"I don't know but it is," said Mr. Bolton, working his shoulders back and forth.

"It is, as true as you live. We would rather lose a sale, you know, than not have everything just right. John, where is that coat that Mr. Clement returned last night?"

"Clement, the banker?" asked John, from the other end of the store.

"Yes—the one who carries so much money with him all the time. Very careless of him, too, for he is liable to be robbed any time. The coat was a little too large for him. Find it, John, and bring it here."

"Here it is," said John, approaching with the desired article.

"I think it will just fit you, sir. Try it on."

Mr, Bolton obeyed. The gentlemanly proprietor helped him to draw it on, and smoothed it about the shoulders.

"Walk around a little—button it up—unbutton it again—work your arms—just see what a splendid fit about the chest—try the pockets."

Mr. Bolton went though these successive manœuvers with great complacency, when, happening to pat himself on the chest, something startled him exceedingly. *There was something in the inside breast pocket!* After the first thrill of suprise he looked cautiously around at the proprietor and clerk. But their attention was at that moment diverted to something else.

Mr. Bolton hastily thrust his hand in the inside breast pocket. Yes *there was a wallet*, and it was a good plump one, too! Here was a stroke of luck! Had not the coat been returned by Mr. Clement, the banker, who was in the habit of carrying money with him? The conclusion in Mr. Bolton's mind was obvious and instantaneous. Evidently Mr. Clement had worn the coat for a day or two, and had forgotten to remove his pocket-book before returning it.

Mr. Bolton was not the man to cast fortune from him. No squeamishness or qualms of conscience ever caused him to flee from good luck. He made up his mind that that coat should not leave his back. Who would ever be the wiser?

"Well," he said, trying to assume an indifferent air, "what do you ask for this garment?"

"I will sell that," murmured the proprietor, slowly, as if entering into an abstruse mental calculation, "for thirty-one dollars. And I make less than three dollars on it at that. Mr. Clement was to have paid thirty-five."

"I'll take it," said Mr. Bolton, promptly. "It's a pretty heavy price, but then it is such a good fit."

"Just so; excellent. Shall I do it up for you?"

"No. I'll keep it on," said Mr. Bolton hastily. "But you may do up my old one, if you please."

"Yes, sir. John, do up this gentleman's old coat. Upon my word, sir, you look like Mr. Clement himself. It just sets you off to perfection."

Mr. Bolton was not anxious to prolong the conversation, and, after hurriedly counting out the money, he took his old coat under his arm and left the store. He proceeded rapidly up the street in a jubilant mood.

After his joy had calmed down somewhat, he began to consider his next proceeding.

"It won't do for me to remain in the city a great while," he thought, "for Mr. Clement will discover his loss and make inquiries. What if he should remember about the cont and trace it? I believe I will go to the Park Bank now and draw the money on that check. I might keep the whole of it and go near the Metropolitan. But no; I told Grabber my name and residence, and he would follow me up. What a fool I was. I'll go now and draw the money."

By making numerous enquiries and tramping many miles. as it seemed to him, throngh the crowded streets, he at length found himself in front of the Park Bank. Entering, he passed the check over the counter to the paying teller. That functionary looked briefly and curiously at the piece of paper, and then scanned Mr. Bolton's countenance closely.

"Where did you get this?" he asked.

"What difference does that make?" remanded Mr. Bolton, with some aspedity.

"It makes a good deal of difference to you. It isen't worth anything."

"What do you mean?" asked Mr. Bolton, with a stare of surprise.

"The check is worthless."

"Worthless!" Mr. Bolton's knees began to quake.

"The person who signed it has no account here. Where did you get it?"

"I cashed it for a friend on the cars," faltered Mr. Bolton.

"A *friend*! How long have you known him?"

"Not long."

"No—I should say not. My dear sir, you have been swindled. I guess you don't read the papers,"

"Papers be hanged!" roared Mr. Bolton; "of course I don't."

A shout of laughter came from three or four bystanders at this.

"What the devil are you laughing at, I should like to know?" demanded Mr. Bolton. "Here, give me the check. I shall see Grabber this afternoon. He is to meet me at the Metropolitan."

"I hope you won't hold your breath till he comes," remarked a policeman, who had been attracted by the slight confusion that had occured. "Come here, I'll put a flea in your ear."

Mr. Bolton with a rueful countenance, walked out with the policeman, who informed him that Mr. Grabber was one of a class of swindlers who make a practice of picking up acquaintances on the cars, and obtaning money

NORTH CAROLINIAN

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PALEMON JOHN, :::::: Editor.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Sept. 4, 1872.

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8. JAMES M. JUSTICE, of Rutherford.

OUR FACILITIES FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES. NO. 4.

Were our beautiful town made what the God of Nature designed it should be, and what laudable enterprize and the judicious expenditure of capital would soon make it—*a centre of trade*, a point of union between the Producer and the Consumer—we confidently assert that there is not a man in this or adjoining counties, be he rich or poor, capitalist or laborer, land-holder or otherwise, who would not be benefitted, and that too, just in proportion as this idea is carried out in its full and liberal sense.

In the first place it would benefit the Capitalist—the Manufacturer. And why? Because he would have all the raw material he needs for the successful prosecution of his business close at hand, and at the least possible expense. He could avoid all the trouble and cost attendant upon transportation, and this item is no small inroad upon the profits. And here we would repeat, what foolishness to ship them hundreds of miles at heavy cost when every cent of it could be obviated by erecting the manufacturing establishments at the very point where the raw material exists. We have all the material here and within reach of Elizabeth City for extensive Cotton Factories, and yet we allow the cotton to be shipped to distant sections, giving strangers the monopoly of the business as well as allowing them to reap the profits which should be ours. We let them bring their enterprize and capital upon our raw material and absolutely grow rich at our expense!

In the second place, it would materially benefit the Laborer—the man dependent upon his muscles for his daily bread. Instead of looking upon such enterprizes with fear and distrust, he should consider them what they really are—his best friends, as agencies calculated to enhance his interests and make him less dependent. They would not only create a demand for his services, but they would make them valuable. They would at once make our town a much larger centre of trade, and thus create a demand for artisans and mechanics as well as hands for the factories and mills. Carpenters, masons shoemakers and tradesmen of all kinds would find active and remunerative employment, for in proportion as the various Factories and Machinery for the profitable manufactnre of our raw material were erected and properly conducted would our population increase. These, needing houses, and clothing, and furniture, and all the material comforts of life, would at once open a home market for another and important class of the world's workmen—Mechanics. Thus the Capitalist, the Laborer and the Mechanic would become mutually dependent, and each would be benefited. They would grow up together, prosperous and happy.

The subject grows upon us, and deprecating long articles, as they are not generally read by the masses, we shall resume it in our next. We shall endeavor to point out how such enterprizes at Elizabeth City would benefit another important class—the Farmer.

CANNOT CHECK ITS ADVANCE.

Before the bar of history the Republican party is ever ready to answer for its record. It saved the Republic. it has only asked for that which is right; it will submit to nothing wrong. Founded in justice and sustained by the virtue and common sense of a large majority of the people, it asks good men everywhere to come over and take a place on its platform. Let them leave the political mummies—the old loop holes around which the spiders of the past have woven their dusty webs, and mount our car of Progress as it sweeps on in its triumphant way, for it will be found impossible to check the advance of Republicanism. All efforts to do so will prove as impotent as would be the attempts of an old Grey Beard from the tomb of the Capulets to stop the rushing locomotive by sprinkling the track with holy water!

A TOO COMMON MISTAKE.

It is a melancholly truth that too much of the corruption and demoralization of the times is caused by the fact of honest worth and utility finding very poor reward, while bloated wealth is honored and respected. That which is good and which is design for the benefit of all, is sneered at and despised, while successful craft is pampered and courted.

"——plate sin with gold
And the strong lance of Justice hurtless breaks;
Clothed in rags a feeble straw will pierce it."

This being the recognized standard of merit and applause, is it any marvel that there should be such struggling to attain it? Honest and useful labor is despised. Every imaginable means to "*raise* in the world" is used, and in too many instances they succeed—in what? Why in raising themselves from the condition of industrious, worthy men whose toil and example tended to the improvement of all around them to that of *drones* in society who feed and fatten upon what other men produce. And this position is claimed to be a dignified one! Most sorroful error; most fatal mistake.

And yet, unfortunately, such is the doctrine practiced by nine-tenths of the would-be "upper ten" of our times, and especially of too many of our ambitious and aspiring *politicians*. They soon conclude that to be an honest and useful mechanic is to be poor and contemptible. They have yielded to temptation; they desire popularity and sudden wealth, and to attain these they become ready to smother conscience and resort to any device that will accomplish their ends. They will profess great love for the people, and will talk grandly of the "dignity of labor;" they will not hesitate to flatter those above them and to crush the poor beneath them. They will

"Crook the pregnant hinges of the knee
When thrift may follow fawning;"

and when they have attained their ambition the common voice is given that they "are elevated"—that they have *raised* themselves in the world.

The simple truth is, this class have only left that which is beneficiel to society and engaged in what tends to corrupt and debase mankind.

PATRONIZE HOME MECHANICS.

Too few sufficiently realize the importance of encouraging and supporting home mechanics. It is one of the corner stones of a people's prosperity. The principle fully carried out benefits, not one alone, but all. Not the mechanic alone is made the gainer, but the farmer, the merchant he entire community are all benefited. The man who goes to the distant city and pays $300 for a new carriage, just takes that much capital out of his own neighborhood. It is that much lost to that locality—lost forever. So with the man who goes abroad to buy anything that can be manufactured at home. The mechanic is crushed. But on the other hand, encourage and support him and he not only becomes a workman but a useful member of the community. He is a consumer, and, as such aids in using up the surplus produce of the farmer and becomes a valuable customer to the merchant. Thus all these become mutually beneficial to each other.

The position of the Mechanic is too much under estimated. It is no mean part that he plays in the economy of civilized society. It is the mechanic that represents the creative force of the universe. Matter under his hands takes on its myriad forms that are required by our advancing civilization. The houses in which we live, our furniture, our carriages, our clothing of all kinds are all familiar forms of the creating and advancing character of the mechanic's toil.

Reader! remember this interesting and important fact before you under value him, and ponder over your own true interest before you pass bye his work shop!

JUDGE MERRIMON ON NATIONAL PATRIOTISM.

In a speech made since the election at Raleigh Judge MERRIMON gave utterance to the following sentiment:

"We need to nationalize public sentiment—we need a national patriotism, and it cannot come by *despotism and force*—it can only come through the free and complete operation of the Constitution, and a peaceful and fraternal policy reaching and embracing the whole people."

The query naturally arises in our mind: did he in this, utter his honest conviction, or was it a "tub thrown to the whale" in view of the fact that he is a candidate for the United States Senate? In either case, it is sound Republican doctrine—a summary of the theory and pratice of Gen. GRANT'S Administration. A national public sentiment—a *national* patriotism and a free and complete operation of the Constitution is what he and the Republican party have contended for all the time. And if Judge MERRIMON is in earnest, we are glad we are to henceforth have his influence in opposition to the Democratic idea of State and sectional patriotism and a Ku Klux interpretation and administration of the Constitution and laws. On such a platform we can cordially "clasp hands."

BE TRUTHFUL AND HONEST,

We do not marvel, when we pick up a certain class of our Democratic exchanges that the good old lady was constrained to exclaim!

"Bless me! how people propagate a lie."

They not only manufacture new lies out of the whole cloth against our party and our candidates, but they have the coolness and the impudence to revive old ones and ventilate them for partisan purposes. Now is this gentlemanly, is it honest, is it right? We put the question to you, gentlemen of the Democratic press. Is it necessary in your position of political journalists that you pursue this course? If your party is the true one and your principles just, why attempt to defend them with the weapons of untruth and injustice?

Come gentlemen, let us all be open, fair, and manly. Let our discussions be despassionate, dignified, and honorable. Lies cannot be buried. Like the victim of EUGENE AARAM, the bloody hand will not be covered up.

GROWING WEAKER.

It is evident to the Democratic leaders that the candidate they have presented to the country makes no way whatever in popular estimation—that the longer the ticket is before the country the less people like it. The combination is one which will not bear discussion or the test of time. Democrats of the older and better school indignantly turn from it. The leaders who recommended the coalition are disgusted at the name thrown up by the wheel of fortune at Cincinnati and Baltimore. They keep to their bargain, only because they do not see any way of getting out of it. They already perceive how mistaken they were in supposing that the nomination of GREELEY would produce any serious defection from the Republican Party. Senator SUMNER'S opposition to Gen. GRANT was always to be counted on. He believes that he owes his removal from the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs to the President, and consequently he nurses toward him a bitter hatred. Senator SCHURZ has also "personal wrongs," as he chooses to fancy, to avenge. No one will pretend that the secession of REUBEN E. FENTON is any loss to the Republican Party. The Cincinnati movement has so far led to reform, in that it has taken over openly to the Democrats FENTON and the Tammany Republicans, who were so long the cause of internal division in New York. But the great body of the Republican Party everywhere remains intact. There has been no period when Republican meetings were more numerously attended, or when local organizations were in a sounder condition. The common sense of the country has taken offense at a coalition which includes the corrupt men of both parties and which is not saved from disgrace by the fact that Senator SUMNER gives it his support. Fortunately, it is not in the power of one man either to create or destroy great party.

AN IMPORTANT FACT.

On the inauguration of President GRANT a one hundred dollar United States bond, paying six per cent interest in gold, was worth only $82,72. To-day it is at par. This advance in the national credit is due solely to the firmness, integrity and good sense with which the finances have been conducted. Could we expect as much from a President like HORACE GREELEY, surrounded by repudiators like PENDLETON, thieves like the Tammany leaders, and wildcat financiers such as he would constantly attract and listen to, to say nothing of the indefinite claims of his Southern friends, and his own propensity for experimenting in finance?

Since March 1, 2869, the debt has been reduced, (up to Aug. 1,) $337,405,603 effecting a saving in interest of over twenty millions of dollars, ($20,244,336, per year. Could this have been done without the most thorough collection of the revenue, and the most honest application of the public funds?

Taxes yielding two hundred and eighty-one million of dollars ($281,000,000) have been abated by the Republican Party since Gen. GRANT became President. Will the Tammany coalition under HORACE GREELEY do any better?

THE POLITICAL REFORMERS.

It must not be forgotten that Ex-Senator DOOLITTLE is a man of considerable importance to GREELEY. He was Chairman of the Convention which nominated the "Sage" as the candidate of the Democratic Party. He has been on the stump ever since, calling heaven to witness his own exalted character, and denouncing Republicans as thieves and rascals. He and KILLPATRICK are GREELEY'S chief "orators"—for it is not worth while mentioning THEODORE TILTON, a man who has written an indedent book to prove that VICTORIA C. WOODHULL is the noblest (and loveliest) woman of the age, and that she is in nightly communion with DEMOSTHENES. These are the men who lead the "movement" which is to regenerate modern society, and purify American politics. By the way, we again call attention to the article on DOOLITTLE in last week's CAROLINIAN.

THE NEW YORK HERALD ON THE SITUATION.

The New York *Herald* is a pretty fair indicator of the popular political current. At and for a short time after the Baltimore Convention there was an apparent "tidal wave" toward Greeleyism, and the *Herald* pointed that way. Since then things have changed and now the *Herald* says:

From the accounts furnished by our special correspondents in this State and elsewhere, as well as from other indications of the popular feeling, it is evident that the enthusiasm for Greeley and the opposion movement is dying out, and is succeeded by a 'sober second thought,' which holds men back from the change proposed by those who have been endeavoring to rally the people of the United States to the cry of 'Anything to beat Grant.'

When Lincoln was elected President in 1864, Colonel A. K. M'Clure was chairman of the Pennsylvania Republican State Central Committee, and when General Grant was chosen, in 1868, Hon. Galusha A. Grow acted in a similar capacity. It is a significant fact that both these gentlemen are for Greeley and Brown.—*Bloomsburg (Pa.) Sentinel.*

We happen to know a thing or two about all this. When the Republicans of Pennsylvania gave MCCLURE the above named position he became so inflated as to imagine himself the greatest man in the United States. He became dictatorial and went so far as to attempt to instruct President LINCOLN in his duties! The latter was obliged to snub him, and since then "ALECK" has been a *sore head*. As for GROW, *he* "fell from grace" because JOHN SCOTT beat him for the United States Senate. "And that's what's the matter."

We defy the men who are cursiug GRANT and hurrahing for GREELEY to point to a single public act of the former which the latter did not urge and endorse. The laws so odious in certain Southerners eyes were insisted upon by GREELEY. How foolish to curse the President for enforcing what his oath of office requires him to do.

There never was a more outspoken and uncompromising Democrat in the United States than BRICK POMEROY. Since the Baltimore Convention he draws the following pen picture of the Democratic party:

"Look at the Democrats of the United States. A pack of fools! A congregation of cowards under the lead of thieves. Three million of men afraid to move! An army of men without a leader—a mob without a head—a host without a name or an idea! Where are the captains—the generals—the leaders—the organizers of the party? Asleep, drunk, stealing or making bargains with political enemies!"

"We are likely to be beaten unless we do more than we are doing now to get our men into the field and secure recruits from among the wavering and dissatisfied."—*Tribune.*

This is certainly a candid admission for the personal organ of Mr. GREELEY to make. It sees the signs of the times—that there is so much "wavering" and dissatisfaction that the prospects are by no means as flattering as it looked a month ago. Of course it is very sad for the Greeleyites, but "facts are facts" and the "wavering" will increase.

The Madison *Bulletin*, a democratic paper in Georgia, has just pulled down the Greeley flag and run up another. The editor says:

We to-day haul down the names of Greeley and Brown, and raise in their stead, as our standard bearers in the Presidential contest, the true, the tried, and unflinching patriots and statesmen, Charles O'Connor, of New York, and J. Proctor Knott, of Kentucky.

Gov. JACOBS, Independent candidate for Governor in West Virginia, has been elected by a handsome majority. This is a great defeat for the Greeley Democracy as it claimed it would carry the State by 7,000. The State will go for GRANT.

The election of Maine takes place on Monday next. The Greeleyites have been doing their utmost to make an impression there. They feel it to be a life and death struggle.

Vermont held her election yesterday. Of course she went all right.

The "straight out" Democrats met at Louisville yesterday.

New Books, Periodicals, &c.

PATRON'S LIFE OF GREELEY.—This is one of the most notable books of the times, and decidedly one of the best written and remarkably interesting of American biographies. We do not propose to review it from a political standpoint, for it is not designed as a mere campaign book, but a work of standard value, from the pen of a writer of established reputation, whose biographies of eminent Americans, are well known and highly valued. Mr. Parton's writings are all attractive on account of the care he exercises in collecting incidents, and the ingenuity with which he weaves them into the story of a life, to relieve the tedium of dry facts and monotinous naration.

Such a work cannot be reviewod in the compass of an ordinary book notice, and it is therefore best to simply inform the reader, that it was commenced several years ago, before Mr. Greeley was thought of as a presidential candidate, and faithfully written as one volume in the series of Parton biographies, simply for its general interests and intimate connection with the history of the country, for near half a century. Commencing with his birth, and following him through all the vicissitudes of early years of trial and adversity, the school which developed the wonderful power that marks his riper years and carried him forward to the time when the people honored him with the nomination for the highest place in our land. Not written in the interest of Party, it is full and Impartial History, entirely free from partisan bias, and worthy a place in every library in the land. As a book of reference, a guide to young men and an incentive to reward activity for every asyiring mind.

The volume is a large duodecimo, elegantly bound and appropriately illustrated, and is sold through the canvassing agents of the National Publishing Co., Atlanta. All things considered and all political predilections aside, it appears to us one of the best and most generally desirable books of the year.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—The *Eclectic* for September is at hand. It furnishes its readers by way of embellishment with a fine portrait on steel of Dr. Dollinger, the great German Theologian, the leader of the opposition to Papal Infallibility, and one who gives promise of being the Luther of a new reformation.

The table of contents has been selected with an eye to midsummer reading, and among the more solid papers which the *Eclectic* always contains, presents an attractive variety of light and entertaining literature. The leadtng article is an enjoyable essay on "*Wit and Humor*," abounding in shrewed analysis and apt quotation. General Cluseret, of Communistic fame, gives a suggestive account of his "*Connexion with Fenianism*;" "*Thoughts upon Government*," by Arthur Helps, is continued; there is a fine lecture by W. G. Clark on "*The Midale Ages and the Revival of Learning*;" and papers on "*Clever Fishes*;" "*Chateaubriand*;" "*From Carlo to Athens*;" "*Romance of Arithmetic*;" "*The Recent Fossil Man*;" etc. "*The Strange Adventure of a Phaeton*" is continued, and there is an excelent short story by the author of "*Patty*" "*Barney Geoghegan, the Irish Member*," is a highly amusing caricature.

Published by E. R. PELTON, 108 Fulton Street, New York. Terms, $5 a year; two copies, $9. Single number, 45 cents.

The most extraordinary instance of patience on record is that of an American Judge, who listened silently for two days while a couple of wordy lawyers contended about the construction of an act of the Legislature, and then ended the controversy by quietly remarking: "Gentlemen, the law is repealed."

Correspondence.

Our Washington Letter. No. 5.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 2, 1872.

Our city improvements are beginning to show for themselves in nicely paved streets, even and uniform grades, and the beautiful effect they are having on the general appearance of the city.

Rumors are drifting to us from seaside and mountain-top, promising gay weddings during the coming season in Washington.

Now, there is a dearth of anything but withering heat and gritty dust. Alone our fashionable streets closed doors and fastened shutters, thickly covered with spider's web and dust, tell a graphic tale of absenteeism: but, after the middle of next month, mops, pails, and dusters will be in demand, and deserted houses will be opened to the sunlight and air.

Under the charming foliage of the trees in our squares and parks we shall be gladdened by bright flashes of scarlet, from saucy plumes in jaunty hats, or scarfs twisted gracefully over the shoulders of pretty girls, announcing in their vived warm coloring the rich costumes of the coming winter.

People will return, bringing with them the freshness of the mountain air and a breath from the sea, and the very sight of their healthful happy faces, will exert a magnetic influence, as of healing, on the pale over-worked classes, whose business or means kept them at home.

NEW IRON BRIDGE OVER THE POTOMAC.

On Monday, 19th, General O. E. Babcock opened bids for the construction of the new iron bridge over the Potomac river at the site of the old Chain bridge, above Georgetown, in accordance with the recent act of Congress appropriating $100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary for that purpose. There were 17 bids opened, each one being accompained by the plans of the bridge proposed to be erected by the bidder. The new bridge will be erected upon the piers and abutments which supported the old one, and will be about 1,350 feet long, and 20 feet wide. Six of the spans will be 172 feet long each, and two of them 160 feet long each. The proposals which exceed $100,000 will be thrown, out as General Babcock has no authority to make contract for a greater sum than named in the appropriation. The contract will awaided in a few days, and the new bridge completed before next summer.

THE OUTLOOK.

No persons will deny the fact that shortly after the nomination of Horace Greeley by the Cincinnati and Baltimore Conventions, his prospects for election presented quite a formidable shape, and for the time being awakened considerable alarm among the true friends of the country, and had the election immediately followed the nomination, there is no telling what the result might have been, as thousands of votes would have been influenced more by impulse and excitement than by the dictation of sound judgement and common sense.

The wisdom of early nominations is particularly manifest in the present Presidential campaign, as each day's reflection brings to the surface public sentiment of the most solid and substantial character in favor of the Republican party and of perpetuating its powers; individual preferences are gradually but surely becoming crystallized into the one main purpose, because each day's experience convinces the people that the mission of this great party is not ended, and the probation of its enemies far from being over.

THE POLITICAL PROSPECT.

Pennsylvania, it is now pretty generally admitted on all hands, is certain to give its electoral vote to the Republican candidates in November, whatever may happen to a part of the ticket in October. Neither Mr. Greeley nor his friends claim the State in their private calculations. Indeed, the indications are, owing to the very marked disaffection of the Democracy, that Grant and Wilson will have a larger majority there than did Grant and Colfax in 1868. Indiana regularly votes with Pennsylvania in all Presidential contests, and though it gave a small Democratic majority, amounting to 2,568, at the election of 1870, it may be confidential set down for Grant. In 1868 the electoral vote of Indiana was given to Grant by a large majority, notwithstanding that it went Democratic in the preceding October election.

THE NORTH CAROLINA FRAUDS.

Merrimon received almost double the Democratic vote of 1870 in Edgecomb county. Shipp, in 1870, had 776 votes, while Merrimon has, in 1872, 1,474 votes. The Republican gain in same county was about 25 per cent, against 100 per cent. for the Democracy. Who perpetrated the frauds?

MOVEMENTS OF THE STRAIGHT-OUTS.

Blanton Duncan claims to have received assurances that justify the belief that 800,000 Democrats will vote for the Louisville nominees.

It is stated that seventeen Democratic papers in George refused to support Greeley, and that Herschel V. Johnson heads the bolting movement.

The *Chicago Times* favors the adoption of the platform presented to the New York Conference June 10, at the Louisville Convention.

OMINOUS.

Forty-two names are all could be procured to a call for a Liberal convention in the large city of Portland, Maine.

THE CONVENTION OF THE VETERANS OF THE WAR

Held at Utica, New York, on the 20th, enthusiastically declared themselves for Gen. Grant. The Convention was a local affair, and was largely attended.

It was declared by resolution that they had no sympathy with that party which had among its most earnest supporters the Tammany Democracy and the Ku Klux-Klan.

It was resolved to appoint three delegates from each congressional distriot to attend the National Convention to be, held at Pittsburg, Pa., September 17 1872.

Respectfully, S. T. B.

Cancer Cured.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 27th 1872.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

I wish to tell how I cured my cancer without pain or money. Eight year ago a cancer came on my nose. It grew stoutly for several year, the last two of which it grew very fast. It became frightfull and began to eat out my left eye. I had paid hundreds of dollars and tried doctors from far and near without finding relief. Finally I began to drink *Wild Tea*, putting the tea grounds on my cancer every night as a poultice. In six weeks my cancer was cured. I am 62 years old. I gave this remedy to several that had cancer. I know of two that have been cured. I believe Wild Tea grows over the country generally on high lands.

CHARLES YARDLEY.

It is now proposed to carry Kentucky for Grant in November. That would be the best way to fill the "chasm."

"Massa Christopher Columbus was a queer man," said a negro orator; "a notion crossed him one day, and then he crossed an ocean."

Religion and Politics.

A subscriber writes to us to complain that we "mix religon and politics." We should like to know what that kind of religion is good for that is not "mixed" with politics, as well as with business, social relations, and all the affairs of life? About as much, we suppose, as yeast that is never "mixed" with flour. And we should like particularly to inquire whether politics is suffering just now from a too great infusion of religon?

If our correspondent had said that we were on the wrong side in politics, that would have been another matter. Perhaps we are. The question between the two parties is not to be decided by intuition or inspiratiou, but by judgement; and infallibility of judgement belongs to no man. To us it seems that the election of General Graut will best promote justice, order and integrity in the commonwealth. Another thinks that Mr. Greeley's success will best secure what we most need, harmony throughout the nation. The possibility of mistake will not excuse either of us from following our conviction; from being faithful, in Lincoln's words, "to the right, as God gives us to see the right."

A Christian citizen has two duties in a time like this; first, to decide according to his best judgment which side is right, and give his support to that; and next, in doing this to maintain the spirit of the religon he professes, to be honorable and temperate and high-minded. If religion and politics are not "mixed" in this way, it is hard to say whether religon or politics will suffer most.—*Christian Union.*

Can Honest Southern Democrats Trust Horace Greeley?

Horace Greeley, who aspires to be the nineteenth President of the United States, preached the right of secession, and then most furiously urged the slaughter of those he had helped to mislead into its practice. Can Democrats, and especially Southern Democrats, trust such a man? Horace Greeley clamored for the enactment of the Ku Klux law, by which the habeas corpus was suspended, and, according to the bitter complaint of one of their most eloquent advocates, by which "the people of the South on any negro's word were laid in prison or driven into exile." Can Southern Democrats trust such a man? When Andrew Johnson, whether from generous or selfish motives, attempted to shield the people of the South from further disaster, Horace Greeley screamed for his impeachment, in the language of the same advocate, "with a ferocity disgraceful to human nature;" and when Johnson was acquitted, Greeley instantly charged every Republican Senator who voted for acquittal with corrupt motives, and asserted that some of them had received bribes in money for their votes. Can the South trust such a nature as this? Not content with hounding on the Covernment to the sharpest and most terrible measures against the *men* of the Confederacy, who were only doing what he had taught them they were right to do, Horace Greeley allowed his journal to recommend the persecution of Southern women and children. Can Southerners, whether Democrats or not, trust such a man?—*N. Y. Times.*

Light from a Dark Quarter.

The Republicans of Kentucky have much to contend against, but they are quietly at work: In Covington they have organized a Grant and Wilson club, with 284 members. William Henry De Gruyter, heretofore one of the most active and zealous Democrats of the city, has joined it. In Frankfort the Grant and Wilson men recently held a grand and successful demonstration and illumination. Since then they have formed a club, which starts with a membership of 208 voters. Information of the same cheering character comes from other sections of the state. Meantime, the Democrats are divided, many waiting to learn the result of the Louisville Convention before committing themselves publicly. One straw is furnished by the Lexington *Statesman* in its last issue, when it says: "The Greeley Club of this city is in a state of comatose. For several weeks the ten faithful hearts that have manfully clung to the Greeley banner have neglected to meet, to stimulate and encourage by communion."—*New York Times.*

The Greeleyites sought to strengthen their cause hy hinting that Greeley, if elected, would appoint Charles Francis Adams Secretary of State. Now comes the report that Adams is opposed to Greeley, and favors the reelection of Grant. This news is not surprising. It could not be expected that a man of Adams character would identify himself with that crowd.

Mr. William Dean, the Delaware Democratic leader, has written a letter reviewing ex-Governor Gove Saulsbury's recent letter in favor of Greeley and denouncing the transfering of the Democratic party to the support of its old bitter opponent. He says: "How can Democrats of a life-time, who have always adhered to the principles of their party, as adopted by their National Convention and reindorsed by them so often, so far forget themselves as to run after such a myth?"

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SHEPPERD STREET MILLS.—

We beg leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that these MILLS have just been remodeled and *thoroughly* repaired and such alterations made as makes them first-class Flouring Mills, where all the fine grades of Family Flour can be made and corn meal not surpassed in the country. We are also prepared to saw all kinds of lumber not exceeding 30 ft. in length on shortest notice. We will keep constantly on hand our new style of shingles; will also furnish plastering laths, fire-wood and other articles in our line.

STORE.

At the corner of Shepperd street and Factory Avenue we keep a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions generally; together with Notions, Dry Goods, &c.

Grain and Cotton wanted; also saw logs for which the highest market price will be paid. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

WM. UNDERWOOD & CO.

11-tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

All kinds of Liquors, from common Whisky to the finest French Brandy; also all kinds of Family Groerries for sale by

DASHIELL & PRICE.

Corner Road and Ehringhaus Sts., B. F. Keaton's old stand.

Sept. 4th, 1872.-4t.

FISHERIES.

We are prepared to receive orders for Spooner's Whale Warps, Best Qualities Seine aetting, Corks, Rings, Rubber Boots, &c., with credit to June 1st for *prompt paying Notes.*

AMERICAN NET & TWINE CO.
Boston.

Sept. 4 to Dec. 1st.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, For the Albemarle District. } In Bankruptcy:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on the 22d day of August A. D. 1872, warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina, against the estate of Edgar R. Latham, of Washington Co., and State of N. Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debs and to choose one or more assignees of his state, will be heldat a Court of Bankruptcy to b holden at Elizabeth City, N. C., before T. W.Costen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 5th day of Sept., A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M.

S. T. CARROW, U. S. *Marshal,*
Jos. Z. PRATT *Cputy U. S. M. as Messenger.*
10-3t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, for the Albemarle District. } In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Charles E. Knight, a Bankrupt—*ss*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in said court by Charles E. Knight of Hertford county, and State of North Carolina, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 5th day of Sept. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of T. W. Coston, Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabeth City N. C., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors, who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted; and that the second meeting will be held at the same time and place.

Dated at Edenton, N. C., on the 22nd day of Aug., a. d. 1872.

10-3t. S. T. BOND, *Clerk.*

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, For the Albemarle District. } In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Peter S. Williams a Bankrupt. —*ss.*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a petition has been filed in said court by Peter S. Williams, of Hertford county, and State of North Carolina, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 5th day of Sept., 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of T. W. Costen, Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabeth City, N. C., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted; and that the second meeting will be held at the same time and place.

Dated at Edenton, N. C., on the 22d day of Aug., a. d., 1872.

10-3t. S. T. BOND, *Clerk.*

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, For the Albemarle District. } In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of R. B. Pearce, a Bankrupt —*ss.*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVE, That a petition has been filed in said court by R. B. Pearce of Halifax county, and State of North Carolina, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 5th day of Sept. 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of T. W. Costen, Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabath City, N. C., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors, who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted; and that the second meeting will be held at the same time and place

Dated at Edenton, N. C. on the 22d day of Aug., a. d 1872.

10-3t. S. T. BOND, *Clerk.*

RUTA BAGA SEED!!!

A fresh lot just received and for sale by DR. JAS. N. BUTT.

ALEXENA HQUSE.—

NAG'S HEAD, N. C.

This Hotel, at this delightful watering place, in full view of the Atlantic Ocean and the Sounds bordering on the coast of North Carolina, having undergone necessary repairs, will be open for the reception of visitors on July 1st, 1872. It is unnecessary to speak of the many advantages this establishment has over all others; as to health it is unequalled. I shall have GOOD MUSIC, and the spacious Ball Room will be open every evening for the pleasure of those who enjoy the mazes of the dance. The BATHING at Nags Head is acknowledged by all who have visited there to be unsurpassed. The duties of the Hotel will be attendeded to by many efficient managers, both male and female. The Proprietor solicits the patronage of the public and the old friends of the place, being determined to spare no Pains nor expense to render Nags Head in all respects as agreeable and interesting as any of its former seasons. The Bar will be supplied with the best of LIQUORS, WINES and CIGARS The Store will be furnished with a selection of goods especially suited to the place.

TERMS:

Board per Day	$ 1 50
" " for two weeks	1 00
" " Month	25 00
" " Children and servants	12 50

Families are expected to furnishes their own Rooms. The neat and comfortoble SCHR. SIAM being thoroughly fitted up with every convenience for the transportation of passengers will commence running regularly by the 1st of July between Elizabeth City and Nags Head. The Siam will leave Elizabeth City on Wednesday and Saturday ond Nags Head on Monday and Thursday at 7 A. M. The Siam is now ready to move down families, &c.

Passage, Round Trip	$2 00
Single Fare	1 50

Liberal arrangements for moving families and obtaining Season Tickets can be made with the proprietor. WM. ACKERLY,
51-til Sept. 1st. Proprietor,

TRAVELERS LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD CONN.

Capital	$500,000,00
Assetts	$1500,000,60

Insures on the low cash plan, no bothering with dividends; rates from 20 to 30 per cent less than those charged by Mutual Companies' Insurance also granted against accidents of all kinds. The principal sum paid in cases of death and a weekly indemnity allowed in case of disability. No Medical Examination required in accident department, and policies written by the Agent.

GEO. D. POOL, E. City, N. C.
Agent Life Dept.
CAPT. W. A. HARNEY, E City, N. C.
Agent Accident Dep
30—tf.

PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING

NEATLY, CHEAPLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PLANING MILL

AT

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber has leased the large PLANING MILL of the Land & Lumber Company and is prepared to continue the business in all its departments on a much larger scale than heretofore.

He is prepared to furnish

FLOORING,
SIDING,
DOORS,
SASH,
WINDOW FRAMES,
BLINDS,
BRACKETS,
MOULDINGS,

AND FANCY AND ORNAMENTAL WOOD WORK OF ALL KINDS.

ORDERS SOLICITED AND PROMPTLY FILLED. Address

D. S. KRAMER.

Elizabeth City, N. C. 8-tf.

PROPOSALS FOR FENCING THE FAIR GROUNDS.

AT a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Albemarle Agricultural Society it was resolved that said Committee at once advertise for sealed proposals to build a fence around the Fair Grounds of said Society. Notice is therefore given that said Committee will receive said proposals or bids until Saturday the 7th day of September 1872 at 2 o'clock P. M., at which time the bids will be opened at the Court House in E. City and the contract will be let to the lowest and best bidder according to the following specifications.

1. Posts to be of juniper cut from living timber *nine* (9) feet in length, to be of sufficient size to square *six* inches, but to be squared on *one* side only. Said posts to be set in the ground *three* feet and to be 8 feet apart.

2. Stringers to be sound heart timber, 2 x 3 inches in size and 16 feet long, three in number to the pannel of fence, to be fastened to the posts with 40 penny nails without morticing.

3. The fence to be built as follows, viz: To be a close board purpendicular fence eight (8) feet high to be of good merchantable lumber (heart not required); to be securely fastened o the frame work.

4. The contractor not to begin the fence before thn 10th day of October and to have it completed by the 10th of November. If the work is not commenced before the 20th of October the contract will be considered null and void.

5. The contractor to receive his pay as follows, viz:

To be paid for the posts when they are set in the ground.

To be paid *one-third* of the ballance of the contract price when *one-half* of said fence is completed. The ballance to be paid when the whole of the fence is completed and accepted by said Committee, the Committee to inspect said fence immediately when notified of its completion.

6. The proposal or bid to be by the *yard* for the *whole* of above work.

P. JOHN,
Chairman Executive Committee.
E. City, N. C., Aug. 26th, 1872.

HORNER'S MARYLAND SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

(We court the Chemist's inqury.)

After 23 years' experience in the Fertilizing business, and after establishing a wide reputation for the purity and excellence of his Bone Dust, the subscriber has been induced to prepare a Phosphate suitable to the requirements and every way worthy the gttention of the Southern Farmer.

The "MARYLAND" it a juvinator and permanent improver of the soil. It simulates equal to Peru

NORTH CAROLINIAN

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 4, 1872.

☞TO NORTHERN VISITORS.☜

Elizabeth City is 50 miles South East of Norfolk, Va. Parties coming here from the North should take passage on the Bay line Steamers which leave Baltimore at 4 P. M. every evening, and arrive at Portsmouth the next morning in time to connect with the Elizabeth i ty Steamers, daily.

THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS,

We call attention to the following new advertisements in this issue.

Fisheries.
Sheppard street Mills.
Notice.

Local and Personal.

☞ Court in Tyrrell this week.

☞ There is a fair prospect of a brisk Fall trade.

☞ The weather is delightful and there is comparatively little sickness.

☞ The colored Baptists are holding a revival meeting here. It is quite successful.

☞ The fourth story of the new Hotel is now completed. The building will soon be under roof.

☞ We are glad to see our old friend T. C. ALLEN able to ride out again. He has been confined for some six months.

☞ Judge BROOKS has just returned from an extensive Northern tour through Pennsylvania, New York and Canada.

☞ It is an easy matter to fill a local column when things of interest will happen. But when "they won't it ain't."

☞ The store room of C. C. GREEN is undergoing repairs. He has temporarily removed into the old Drug Store room of Dr. BUTT.

☞ Our townsman N. R. ZIMMERMAN has just secured a Patent for an invention to couple Cars. It is just the thing long needed by rail road men.

☞ C. B. BROTHERS is remodeling and enlarging his buildings at the Canal bridge. He is preparing to meet the demands of his increasing business.

☞ A correspondent wants to know what States the Greeleyites are betting on. Since the elections in North Carolina and West Virginia, we don't know.

☞ UNDERWOOD'S little Steam Mill is running again. It has been thoroughly repaired, with the addition of new machinery, and it is now the best mill in this section.

☞ JAMES H. SHAW Esq., has been appointed Counsellor and Attorney for this City. It is an excellent selection as Mr. SHAW is a very fine lawyer, and no man stands higher in this community.

☞ The Grocery of ELBERT PRICE of this place was broken into on the night of the 28th ult., and goods to the amount of seventy-five dollars stolen therefrom.

☞ It will be seen that an alteration has been made in the specifications for the Fence of the Fair Grounds. The horizontal bottom boards will be dispensed with. See the advertisement.

☞ We do not intentionally wound any man's feelings. The rule of our editorial conduct is to

"——naught extenuate
Nor aught in malice write."

We endeavor to adhere to it strictly.

☞ An intelligent and observing correspondent from Boston writes us:

"GREELEY is losing ground here. This is admitted by unpartisans. Some one calls his establishment fitly a *Junk Shop!* Straight ways are the best in politics or business!"

☞ Cotton picking has commenced. The crop is a good one in this section, but from our exchanges we learn that it has been seriously injured in many places by the caterpallar and the rust, which will curtail the crop from one third to one half.

☞ The new board of Commissioners for this County qualified and organized on Monday. CHARLES W. SMITH was elected Chairman, and WM. H. SMITH, Esq. as Attorney. The Chairman is a practical business man and the Attorney is a gentleman of marked legal ability.

☞ JOHN T. PRICE, the newly elected Register of Deeds for this County, took charge of the office on Monday. We have no doubt but he will make a good officer. The retiring official M. B. CULPEPPER Esq., goes out with the kind wishes of all. He was faithful, efficient, courteous and obliging. We do him the justice to add that this County never had a better public servant.

☞ It is a fact, noted by the observant, that since the election there are not so many outspoken Greeleyites to be found in this section. Some who were a little noisy before have become significantly reticent; others are waiting to see what will "turn up" at Louisville, and not a few who have hithe.to voted against us are about making up their minds to vote for the man whom GREELEY said: "He never was defeated, and *he never will be.*"

☞ The *sap*-ient correspondent of the Norfolk *Journal* from Edenton slightly over does the matter in his lame attempt to palm off his mythical man of straw as a Radical. Take the following extract!

"Governor Caldwell too, came in for a share of my sore headed interviewer's animadverson. "What's the sense," said he, "of grumbling about the election law, and the geremandering of Congressional and Legislation districts, and other acts passed by the last Legislature, as the Elizabeth City *North Carolinian* does in its issue of the 14th, when all those laws were ratified without objection or hesitation by *Governor Caldwell himself?* Caldwell endorsed all of 'em—never vetoed one of 'em."

Every school boy in North Carolina knows that under our Constitution the Governor has no authority to exercise the veto power. "J" should post himself and then try again.

☞ Among the more important Northern arrivals this week we notice J. C. YEAGER, W. S. MCDOWELL, and J. R. SHOEMAKER, all of Philadelphia.

☞ A correspondent from Hatteras informs us that a colored man named CRAYNUS WARNER killed a Rattle Snake at Trent, Dare Co., N. C., on the 10th ult., with 33 rattles. It is supposed to have been 34 years old. It measured 6 feet 4½ inches in length and 10 inches around the largest part of the body.

☞ To those of our friends who have written us respecting the political prospects, we are happy to be able to respond "the skies are bright." As in August, so in November we are *going to win!* We feel confident of this. The conclusive proofs are all about us. Our intelligence from all parts of the State is of the most encouraging kind. Our ranks are solid and firm. Therefore pay no heed to the fables put forth as facts by our opponents.

☞ The season at Nag's Head is drawing to a close. The "young folks" report a splendid time, having enjoyed themselves as never before. Of course the usual number of charming and attractive belles have been spending the Summer there, and, as is ever the case,

"Where gushing beauty is
The beaux will go."

If Dame Rumor isn't a notorious liar, not a few of the latter have been fatally smitten, aye, and several of the charmers are to-day wearing broken hearts on their girdles as Indians wear the scalps of their enemies!

☞ The spicy letter of "Rural Nauticas" is excellent in its way, but perhaps a little personal. To publish it would be giving the conceited and arrogant little cross road politicians alluded to more notoriety than they deserve. The truth is, they are specimens of the genus who were cruelly deserted in their creation by Providence just at the point where their vanity and presumption had been made complete, but their discretion and common sense had not been commenced. Unfortunately, in that half made up condition they came into this breathing world. We propose letting them pass through it without notice, for they would much prefer a few newspaper kicks to being let severely alone. We can't gratify them.

☞ A young friend writes us to prescribe the best medicine for a melancholly mind. His letter indicates intelligence. We advise him to indulge in as much out door exercise as possible and to devote his spare time in the study of Natural Science. Nature is cheerful, and while we are studying the wonders and mysteries of the world around us we are lifted into an atmosphere above the mists that hang over the low lands of despondency. Two or three rules are valuable aids in cultivating a happy frame of mind. 1. Never mourn over the inevitable. 2. Drive out of your mind thoughts of unpleasant subjects; if you are compelled to think of them, think to some purpose and have done with it. 3. As SAM LAWSON, in *Oldtown Folks*, says: "Count the marcies"—the blessing of sight, of bearing, of health, of fresh air, of pure water, of enough to eat and enough to do. We can if will, always find a plenty of mercies to be thankful for.

☞ The time has come when the people of the South should give more attention to Agricultural and Mechanical Fairs. One of the surest roads to prosperity and power is through the stimulation of industrial enterprizes. Here we have a broad and fertile domain, and the man must be blind indeed who cannot see the advantage of fully developing the resources which Nature, with prodigal hand, has laid at our feet. We are glad to extend the hand of friendship to all men of character and enterprize who come among us; we welcome those who join us in building up, and, feeling that Industrial Fairs will do much toward demonstrating that "there is life in the old land yet," we hope all our people will prepare to contribute their part in making the coming exhibition of the Albemarle Agricultural Society a success. Let us begin to feel, what is true, that the dark days are over, and that our section, like a child brought safely through the ills incident to youth, is able to come forth in maturity, "conquering and to conquer." Not by brute force, nor armed aggression, but by the grand moral agencies of Education, Energy, and Enterprize. Let us "go forth as a strong man to run a race," and every opposing force unfriendly to our glorious destiny will be swept away by the resistless charge of our Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants and Capitalists, under whose thrifty influence obstacles, which now seem insurmountable, will "vanish into thin air."

LOCAL PORT-FOLIO.

Gold—112. Poor man's plasters—schedules in bankruptcy. Wont go—letters without stamps. Do a great deal of coupling—clergymen. Angling with the wrong bait—trying to catch colored Greeley votes with Sumner's letters. Laughing gas—some of the speakers of the "crow-eating" Greeleyites. The profession most men prefer—husband-ry. Not to be trifled with—a woman's will. Above par—Grant and Wilson stock. Foolish—to trifle with the business end of a wasp. Fashionable—to talk over the gateway. Hefty—the spouting at the Breeley and Grown Club. Always pays—judicious advertising.

Business Locals.

The best place to buy Dress Goods, Hats, Shoes and Notions is at Fowlers on Water Street.

Notwithstanding the warm weather people will get hungry and must eat. The place to get "full satisfaction" is at Fulmer's Eating Saloon.

The weather has been warm at Norfolk, but it don't prevent Lowenberg & Jacobs from selling Goods as cheap as ever. Go and see them at at 35 Market Squ are. Don't forget the place.

Beware of Counterfeits!

JOB MOSES' SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS

are extensively COUNTERFEITED. *Dishonest Druggists endeavor to sell the counterfeits to make greater profits. The genuine have the name of* **Job Moses** *on each package. All others are worthless imitations.* The GENUINE Pills are unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and remove all obstructions, from whatever cause.

TO MARRIED LADIES

they are particularly suited. They will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity; and although very powerful, contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The circulars around each package give full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for them, sealed from observation.

N. B.—In all cases where the GENUINE cannot be obtained, One Dollar enclosed to the Sole Proprietor, JOB MOSES, 18 Cortlandt St., New York, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, *securely sealed* from any knowledge of its contents.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Cure COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION AND LUNG DISEASES. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. Ask for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Price 35 cents per box. JOB MOSES, Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS.
Prepared by J. GARANCIÈRE.
No. 314 Rue Lombard, Paris.

These pills are highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France as the very best remedy in all cases of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness; Nightly, Daily or *Premature* Emissions; Sexual Weakness or *Impotency;* Weakness arising from Secret Habits and Sexual Excesses; *Relaxation* of the Genital Organs; Weak Spine; Deposits in the Urine, and all the ghastly train of Diseases arising from Overuse or Excesses. They *cure* when all other remedies fail. Pamphlet of Advice in each box, or will be sent *Free* to any address. Price $1 per Box. Sent by mail, *securely sealed from all observation*, on receipt of price. OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 CORTLANDT ST. NEW YORK. Sole General Agent for America.

THE MARKETS.

Elizabeth City Prices Current.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

Bacon—Clear side ₩ lb		12
" Ribsides		10
" Shoulder		9
" Hams, country	14 @	18
" " sugar cured	15 @	17
Butter—Country	25 @	30
" N.Y. State	40 @	45
Beeswax—₩ lb	25 @	30
Beans—White Navy,	300	
Corn—new, ₩ bu.	65@70	
Cheese—₩ lb		20
Cotton Yarn—₩ block,		1.85
" in bale,	13@20	
" in lint,	14c @	15
Eggs—₩ doz.	25	
Flour—Super. ₩ bl.	8,00 @	8,50
" Extra	9,00 @	10,00
" Family	10,50 @	12,00
Herring ₩ hdd		7,00
Flaxseed—₩ bu	150 @	155
Lard—₩ lb		15
Lumber—Heart pine ₩ 1000ft	5 0 @	20,00
" Cypress "	18.00 @	20,00
" Sap "	10,00 @	14,00
" Laith		2,50
Meal—₩ bu., 50 lbs		90
Oats, new—₩ bu.		80
Peas—Black eye ₩ bu		85
Black Eyed Peas		1.00
Pork—Mess	10 @	10
Potatoes—Irish ₩ bu.	150@	200
" Sweet ₩ bu.		60
Rail—Juniper ₩ 1000	40,00 to	60,00
Shingles—16 inch, heart	4.50 to	5,50
" 12 " sap	6,00 to	7,50
" 18 " "	4.00 @	5 00
" W. I.	2 00 @	2 50
Salt—₩ sack, 3 bu.		1,25
Salt—E. I., per bu.		75
Tallow—₩ lb.	10 @	15
Whiskey—₩ gal.	1,75 to	2,50

New York Market.

Gold 112½. Cotton from 22 to 22½c. Flour from $8 to $12 according to quality Wheat $1,40. Corn from 72 to 78cts. Flax seed $1. 75 per bush. Pork from $14 to $15 per barrel.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. Tutt's Sarsaparilla & Queen's Delight.

No remedy possesses so many valuable Medicinal Properties as this combination of Roots, Herbs, and Barks. The Queen's Delight is acknowledged by physicians to be the most powerful remedy knywn for Impure Blood, Liver Complaints, Nervousness, Female Complaints, Constipation, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Kidneys, Syphilitic Affections, Skin Diseases, Chronic Complaints, &c. But in this preparation it is combined with other vegetable products which render its virtues doubly valuable. Most diseases have their origin in the blood, and as a Blood Purifyer the Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight has no equal. It requires but a trial to convince the most sceptical.

For Female Complaints, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills are an acknowledged remedy.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye, is the Best in the World.

THE GALES OF ARABY are not subtler than the aroma which the fagrant Sozodont imparts to the breath. Nor is the heart of the ivory nut whiter than the teeth that are cleaned daily with that matchless fluid.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.—No one who has ever used DR. TOBIAS' Horse Venetian Liniment, will ever be without it. It is a certain cure for Colic, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, and Old Sores. Warranted superior to any other; in pint bottles, at One Dollar. Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

BURNETT'S STANDARD FLAVERING EXTRACTS are neatly put up in Unpannelled 2 oz, 5 oz, and 10 oz bottles and are for sale by the trade generally in every principality and town in the United States Canadas, and British Provinces, as well as in many other foreign countries.

HELP FOR THE HOPELESS.—You are weak, dejected, miserable, and nothing does you any good, you say. Don't despair. There is balm in Gilead. Have you tried Vingar Bitters? No! Then why don't you? Whether your complaint be dyspepsia, billiousness, nervous weakness, constitutional debility, or any other trouble, Vinegar Bitters will revive and renovate your shattered system, at a genial rain refreshes the withered flowers.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, depression of spirits, and general depility in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-phosphorated Elixer of Calysaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York and sold by all Druggist, is the best tonic, and as a tonic for patients recoverine from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

THURSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 Cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co, New York.

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE, stands unrivalled in the world. No lady or gentlemen of discrimination uses any other. It is the most perfect, reliable and effective Hair Dye in the world. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

CARBOLIC SALVE, accommended by Physicians as the great Healing Compound. Price 25 Cents per box. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, New York.

RISLEY'S BUCHU is a reliable Diuretic and Tonic for all derangements of the urinary and genital organs. The genuine, as formerly sold by Haviland, Harral & Risley and their branches, is now prepared by H. W. Risley, the originator and Proprietor; and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, New York.

SYAPNIA, or opium purified, the most perfect anodyne in the market, made by process of Dr. I. M. Bigelow, Detroit Medical College. Is always uniform is strength, which is rarely the case in other preparations of Opium.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL, has a world-wide reputation as the surest and best illuminating oil. Over two million gallons have been sold for the past two years, from which no accidents of any description have occurred. Send for Circular. Oil House of Chas. Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

WE HAVE FREQUENTLY HEARD mother say they would not be without Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, from the birth of the child until it has finished with the teething siege, under any consideration whatever.

THE SECRET OF BEAUTY. What is it? no longer asked, for the world of fashion and all the ladies know that is produced by using a delightful and harmless toilet preparation known as G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." Its beautifying effects are truly wonderful. Depot, 5 Gold St., N. Y.

TURNIP SEED by Mail.

The finest Table and Field varieties; per ounce, 10; ½lb. 30c; 1lb. $1. *post paid to any ad. dress.*
5-2m. EDW'D J. EVANS & CO., YORK, PA,

BELVIDERE ACADEMY!

BELVIDERE, PERQUIMANS COUNTY, N. C.

We would inform the public that the next session of this School will commence on the 30th, of 9th mo. (September) 1872, under the efficient management of William A Symme as Principal.

Pupils are expected to enter for a term of ten weeks and no deduction made except in case of protracted sickness.

Price of tuition for a term of ten weeks, payable in advance, is as follows, (viz.)

Primary Branches	$4.50.
Higher English Branches	6.00.
Languages each (extra.)	2.00.

Board can be obtained in the neighborhood at reasonable rates.

For further information address the undersigned.

E. A. WHITE.
10-4t. On behalf of Committee,

ROSEDALE ACADEMY.—

ROSEDALE, PASQUOTANK COUNTY, N. C.

The next regular session of this school will commence on Monday the 30th, day of September 1872.

Students prepared for College or for business.

Pupils may enter at any time and be charged only from date of entrance.

No deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness.

Board (including washing, lights etc.,) can be obtained at $10,00 per month.

Terms per session of twenty weeks, one half payable in advance.

Ordinary English Branches	$11.00
" " " Natural Sciences	12.50
" " " " Ancie't Lan's	16.00
French (extra)	3.00

For further information address

S. D. BAGLEY,
5-3m. Principal.

ROWELL'S COLUMN.

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND AGRICULTURE.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

Lectures begin October 1st.

☞For Catalogues, aderess WM. WERTENBAKER, Secretary of the Faculty, P. O. University of Virginia.

CHAS. S. VENABLE,
Chairman of Faculty.

MONEY FOR ALL. Best business ever offered agents. Address J. CROWELL, Louisville, Ky.

CAMPAIGN GOODS FOR 1872.—Agents wanted for our Campaign goods. Sell at Sight. Pay 100 per cent. profit. Now is the time. Send at once for Descriptive Circulars and Price Lists of our Fine Steel Engravings of all the Candidates, Campaign Biographies, Charts, Photographs, Badges, Pins, Flags, and everything suited to the times. Ten Dollars per day easily made. Full samples sent for $3. Address MOORE & GOODSPEED, 37 Park Row, New York.

CAMPAIGN BADGES! Thirty new and beautiful designs. Get Price List of T. C. RICHARD & CO., M'f'rs, 47 Murray St., N. Y.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

The Chemistry of Divine Providence has never produced a mineral water which combines in such perfection the qualities of antibillious tonic and cathartic medicine, as that of the Seltzer Spa; and TARRANT'S DEFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT is the artificial equivalent of that great natural remedy.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

$1.000 REWARD. For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DEBING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1.00.

$300 TO $500 per Month. Agents wanted. Address ERIE SEWING MACHINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y., or Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & CO., Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Maine,

TREES! FLOWERS! BULBS!

SEEDS! HEDGE PLANTS!

Nursery Stock Fruit and Flower Plates!

Address R K. PHŒNIX,

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY,

ILLINOIS.

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 4 yr., $20; 2 yr., $30; 3 yrs., $40; 4 yrs., $50 4 Catalogues, 20 cents.
4—4m.

"THE OLD MERCHANT"

S. Weisel,

Corner Main and Water Streets.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Dealer in all kinds of

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Linens, Cloths, Cassimeres, Clothing, Trimmings, Silks, and Fancy Dress Goods. Also Hats, Caps and the very best assortment of Boots and Shoes.

☞The best assortment and quality of Goods kept in the City.
April 11th, 1872.–1yr.

KENMORE UNIVERSITY HIGH SCHOOL,

NEAR AMHERST C. H. VA.

Offers combined advantages incomparable with those of any other School in Virginia, *Special arrangements may be made by which the usual expences may be reduced nearly one-half.*

For pamphlet, giving full particulars, address,
H. A. STRODE,
8-4t. Principal.

H. & M. Nov. 9-1yr.

A VALUABLE FISHERY FOR SALE—

The undersigned offers for sale his old established Fishery at the mouth of Scouppernong River N. C., with 1000 yards of Seine, Boats, Stands etc., complete, all in good condition. There can be 1200 yards of Seine fished at this Fishery, and one million of Herrings have been caught during a season.

Any one wishing to enter into this business now has a chance to make money. Terms made easy. For particulars inquire personally or by letter of,

J. W. ETHERIDGE.
51—tf. M nteo Dare Co. N. C

REYNOLDSON MALE INSTITUTE.—

REYNOLDSON, GATES CO., N. C.

The next session will begin on the first Monday in October.

TERMS:

Board, (washing, fuel, and lights *included*) per month	$11.00
Tuition—per session of 20 weeks from	$20.00 to 22.00

For circulars, address

J. F. HOWELL,
8-3m. Principal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"A GRAND DISPLAY OF BEAUTY"

GO AND SEE FOR YOURSYLVES.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, "The Popular Druggist," has removed his Stock of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass and Patent Medicines to his Fine and Commodious

NEW STORE

CORNER ROAD AND FEARING STREETS.

IT IS THE PRETTIEST AND BEST FITTED UP DRUG STORE IN NORTH CAROLINA, CALL AND SEE.

HIS PRIVATE OFFICE

is fitted up in elegan tstyle for the accomodation of his Patients.

KEEP UP

WITH THE TIMES.

OLD NICK'S MAGIC LINIMENT!

The great Panacea for Pains, Bruises, Swellings, Neuralgia, Sick Headache,

RHEUMATISM

and every other kind of pain and ache to which flesh is heir.

It is a certain and unfailing Remedy in

HEAD ACHE.

It is a certain and unfailing Remedy in

PAINS OF ALL KINDS.

PRICE 50CTS PER BOTTLE.

PREPARED BY DR. JAS. N. BUTT,
No. 75 Road Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. M. MATHEWS,

WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER,

HAVING located in the Guirkin building, near the corner of Main and Road Sts., Elizabeth City, N. C. is prepared to operate in the Watch Maker and Jeweler business in all its departments. He respectfully solicit a share of patronage.
April 18th, 1872.–1yr.

CHICAGO!

HERRINGS SAFES

One Hundred and Forty firms have testified to the preservation of their Books, Papers and Valuables in the terrible

CHICAGO FIRE.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.

Awarded the Prize Medals at the World's Fair in London,

At the Exhibition Universelle in Paris, and The World's Fair in New York.

ALSO, WINNER OF THE WAGER OF

30,000 FRANCS

Awarded at the Paris Exhibition to the BEST SAFE IN THE WORLD!

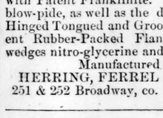
Herring's New Patent

Champion Bankers' Safes!

Patent high and low steel-welded, combined with Patent Franklinite. Proof against the blow-pide, as well as the drill. With Patent Hinged Tongued and Grooved Door and Patent Rubber-Packed Flange. Proof against wedges nitro-glycerine and gunpowder.

Manufactured only by
HERRING, FERREL & SHERMAN,
251 & 252 Broadway, co. Murray St., N. Y.

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES!



FROM one of the best Manufactories in the United States. (McLear and Kendell, Wilmington Del.) I have and will continue to recieve a full assortment of BUGGIES, with and without tops, which I will sell very cheap. Also Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c., also on hand. As I deal direct from the Manufacturers I can sell at prices to defy competition. Orders respectfully solicited Road street near Main, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dec. 7, 1871-1y. MILES COMMANDER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOUTZ'S
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine looking and spirited horse.

To Keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It is a sure preventive against Rinderpest, Hollow Horn, etc. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and makes the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, Md.

For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States, Canadas and South America.

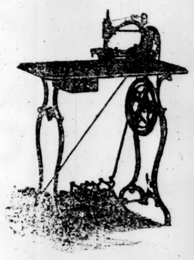
For Sale by DR. D. T. KREBS & CO.
E. City, N. C. Oct. 5, 1871–1y.

FRANK M. COOK,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,

AGENT FOR THE

Home Shuttle Sewing Machine,



THIS UNEQUALLED SEWING MACHINE uses a straight, needle and drop under feed, "Lock Stitch," (alike on both sides.)

Has a self adjusting Tension, and is adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloth and will even sew Lether.

It will Hem, Fell, Bind, Cord, Braid, Seam, Tuck, Ruffle, Hemstitch Gather, and sew on at the same time, and will work equally as well on Silk, Linen, Woolen and cotton goods, with Silk Linen or cotton thread.

PRICE LIST.

No. 1 to Turn by Hand	$25,00
No. 2 complete with table Treadle	$37,00
No. 3 complete with table treadle and cover	$42.00
No. 4 nice cabinet case	$75.00

WARRANTEE.

Every Machine is warranted perfect in every respect, and if any part fails, from any imperfection within five years I will supply the part free of cost.

Agents wanted in the Counties of Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck and Dare.

Office No. 70 Road Street.

E. City, N. C.

FRUIT TREES.

Large Stock and Unequalled Assortment.	FOR FALL PLANTING.	Send for Catalogue and price List

5-5m. EDW. J. EVANS & CO., YORK, PA.

THE DRUG EMPORIUM

OF

DR. D. T. KREBS & CO.,

Corner Main and Road Street

The place to buy *Cheap.*

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

TO BUY PURE LEAD, ZINC, OILS AND PAINTS OF ALL COLORS.

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

TO BUY PURE MEDICINES OF ALL KIND.

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

TO BUY GLASS AND PUTTY.

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

To Buy Your Toilet Articles

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

To Buy Statianary of Every Style.

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

To Have Your Prescriptions carefully compounded.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE NEW DISCOVERY

Dr. E. F. GALVIN'S

SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR OF

TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

ALSO,

Volatile Solution of Tar

For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill.

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

TAR

is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $1.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 50cts per box

Send for Circular of POSITIVE CURES to your Druggist, or

L. F. HYMAN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 & 224 St., New York.

For sale by Dr. D. T. KREBS, & CO.
E. City, N. C.

!!! WHAT !!!

A STORE ON SHEPARD STREET.

YES, right on the corner of Shepard street and Factory Avenue as you come over the new bridge, on Charles Creek, and the nearest way and best road into Town: where you will find a nicely ecelected assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
SHOES, AND BOOTS,
SALT, NAILS,
MESS PORK,
BUTTER, CHEESE,
KEROSENE OIL,
GLASS, VINEGAR,
TIN WARE,
TOBACCO, SNUFF,
&C., &C.

And remember the 'LITTLE MILL' close by where you will get your grinding done at the shortest notice, and in the best possible manner. The SAW MILL is now completely rebuilt, and fitted up in the best order, and will be ready for sawing in a few days; weere we will pay the highest market price for Pine, Cypress and Juniper logs, delivered either from the River or the adjacent farms.

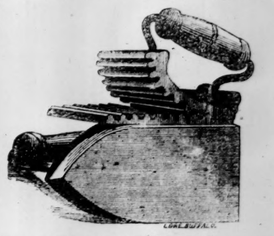
☞ We have added also a SHINGLE MILL, for manufacturing of sawed Shingles, which we are satisfied if once tried will be found a superior article for covering buildings and much needed here. Being determined to do business on as good terms as any of our neighbors, we hope to m it a share of public patronage.

N. B. Cash paid for grain and all other articles in our line.

WM. UNDERWOOD.
Elizabeth City, N. C. March 7th, 1872.

THE EMPIRE

FLUTING SAD IRON,



THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.

It will Please all Housekeepers,

IT IS SO HANDY AND SIMPLE.

It is in the most convenient form, and costs but a trifle compared with the ordinary Fluting Irons, which cost from $10.00 to $2500 and it will do work that cannot be done with the expensive machines. Every family can have the best and handiest Fluting and Crimping Iron, as well as the best Sad Iron, at a small extra cost more than an ordinary Sad Iron.

It is arranged so as to be used for a Sad Iron or Fluting Iron or both.

I will Flute or Crimp the finest Fabrics, without damaging them, and is always handy and adapted to all kinds of work.

Sold by Agents only. *State and County rights for sale.*

Canvassing Agents Wanted.

Address
EMPIRE FLUTING SAD IRON CO.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

☞ A Sample can be seen at this office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. SALOMONSKY & CO.,

ON ROAD STREET, IN THE BARNEY TISDALE STORE,

ARE JUST OPENING A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF HOSIERY AND WHITE GOODS, CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS, TRUNKS,

Dress Goods, Dry Goods, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,

Fresh from the New York Markets, at prices lower than have been reached before in this Market.

☞ **All the New and Fashionable Goods constantly kept on Hand.** ☜

☞ *This Stock will be kept replenished from the best Markets in the Country. Clothing made to order and fit guaranteed. Call and see our goods.* ☜

ELIZABETH CITY, NORTH CAROLINA.

AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC MATTERS.

Digging and Care of Potatoes.

We make the following extract on this subject from the *Potato Book* as both timely and practical:

"From planting to cooking, and in all processes between and inclusive, potatoes are unquestionably the most abused cultivated for human use; and in the long catalogue of errors peculiar to this excellent esculent, one of the most outrageous is neglecting to harvest them as soon as they are ripe. No other crop was ever maltreated in this way. When any other crop is fully matured, the farmer secures it at once lest it wastes and decays. But potatoes being out of sight, are out of mind until a convenient season. When the farmer can find nothing else to do he digs them, and then perhaps complains of them for being of bad character. Any other crop would be as bad, or worse, if treated in a similar manner. Potatoes are not unfrequently left in the ground several weeks after being ripe, as though they were dead stones and undamagable, instead of living, perishable organisms, subject to all the conditions, transformations and diseases that pertain to all vital structures. It is seldom that potatoes are not more or less damaged by neglect to harvest at the proper time, or by improper management in harvesting, however well they may have been raised and matured. When the tops of potato plants wither the tubers are ripe, and, like other crops, will be injured if not at once gathered and taken care off. If allowed to be once soaked in the ground by a severe or prolonged rain after ripening, they lose irreparably some degree of their sweet flavor and some portion of their nutrient properties; nor are they so sound and vital for seed potatoes; and every rain augments the damage rendering them both less palatable and less wholesome. What farmer can be ignorant of the fact that the potatoes he digs in November and December are less dry and sweet than those he ate from the same field in September and October previously? Potatoes should not be exposed to the air, sun, or wind to carry them, as is customary, after being dug. If moist or dirty when taken from the ground, cleaning and drying does not protect them, but the reverse. Every potato that becomes uncovered before it is ripe, or which protrudes above its earthly covering, soon becomes blighted in the exposed part—a fact which proves that it is defenseless against airial elements, and its need when dug of immediate protection."

Scientific Drainage.

The New York college rules require the student to labor on the farm three hours each day; and there are some forty or fifty of them being instructed in the practice as well as in the scientific theory of farm drainage. A knowledge of this subject is one of the most important requirements of the go-ahead farmer, yet one, at the same time, probably less understood than any other which usually claims his attention. It is, indeed, a thing of which one cannot become practically informed if he masters all the text-books printed. These are useful, of course, but only in connection with the experience necessary to put their rules into practice. Hence the great utility of the course of which these young men are receiving the benefit. On leaving Cornell and engaging in farm-life, each will become—just what is wanted in this respect—an example and an authority in his particular neighborhood. Carrying the scientific principles they have acquired into their every-day life, they will be looked up and consulted, we predict, by hundreds of farmers anxious to be informed on this, to them, important topic. They will thus become centres of knowledge, from which information will radiate in all directions. We hope this branch of practical education will be given in all our agricultural colleges the attention the importance of the subject deserves.—*American Farmer.*

Corn Fodder.

Mr. Alexander Reed, of Lockhaven Clinton County, Pennsylvania reports that his practice is to cut up his corn as late as he can, and avoid frost. After husking, the stacks are bound and carefully shocked till cured, then stowed in barn. They are prepared for feed as follows: Each morning and evening the quantity needed for one feeding is cut with a "power-cutter," put in a tight box with a mixture of meal and bran sprinkled in; boiling water is then poured on, and the box closed with a tight lid, so as to shut in both heat and steam. That steamed at night is warm when fed in the morning, and that in the morning when fed in the afternoon. Mr. Reed states that, prepared in this way, the cows eat all the butts, and a ton will produce more and much better milk for butter than a ton of the best hay prepared in the same way.

Fences.

We are hoping for the time when in this country, as in Europe and the East, we shall be able to do without fences, but that time is not yet. Illinois is said to have ten times as much fence as Germany; and Dutchess county, N. Y., more than all France. A narrow path divides farms in France, Germany and Holland. In South Carolina the improved land is estimated to be worth $20,000,000; the fences have cost $16,000,000. The annual repair is a tenth of this. A recent calculation places the cost of fences in the United States at $1,300,000,000. Nicholas Biddle, thirty years ago, said the Pennsylvania fences had cost $100,000,000. In Ohio they are put at $115,000,000, and in New York at $114,900,000.

Modern invention will reduce the costliness of fencing hereafter. Galvanized Cable is now used to a large extent, and has proved both durable and cheap.

Axle Grease.

An axle grease that can be easily made, and one that works alike well upon heavy wooded or iron axle, is made of five ounces of tallow, four ounces of good lubricating oil, six ounces of water, one half ounce each of soda and potash, and one half lb. of plumbago. Dissolve the potash and soda in the water; melt the tallow and mix it with the oil, and pour in the water, stirring it until the grease is cut; as soon as possible after the water is added turn in the plumbago. It should be stirred until the whole mass is thoroughly mixed.—*Carriage Journal.*

Farmer Greeley has recently been interviewed by the dairyman, and in response to an inquiry, said: "The best butter is undoubtedly the old ram."

Complaint is made by Victoria papers that the business of buying and selling China women is carried on openly in defiance of law.

Towns that possesses three Greeley votes are noticed in the Chicago *Tribune* as being "all on fire for the old white coated philosopher."

It is reported that the boll worm is doing great damage in Northern Mississippi.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO SPORTSMEN.—

The ubscriber would announce to his friends and the public that he continues at the old stand on Road street and keeps on hand a good assortment of Guns, Rifles, Pistols Sporting apparatus and also a fine selection of cutlery. He may at all times be found either in his store prepared to accommodate customers with New Goods, or in his shop adjoining, willing and happy to repair any article in his line of business.

29—1y. GEO. W. BELL.

WORCESTER'S
ROYAL QUARTO DICTIOARY!
1854 Pages!
OVER 1000 ILLUSTRATIONS!
THE LARGEST!
THE CHEAPEST!
THE BEST!

☞The best Scholars use it, and prefer it. Buy WORCHESTER and

HAVE THE BEST.

New illustrated edition of Worchester's Comprehensive and Primary Dictionaries hove just been published adapted for Schools and Families.

For sale by all booksellers. Brewer & Tilestone, Publishers, 17 Milk Street, Boston.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE best mechanics in each of the departments, and giving my own particular attention to all work done at my shop, I feel safe in saying that my work will compare favorably with that of any of the large cities. All I ask is an examination of my work to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

Repairing done at short notice and at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

JNO. S. WAUGH
Elizabath City, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS

AGAINST

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Loyal citizens of North Carolina and other Southern States, will be pleased to learn that Congress at the last session passed a law for a commission to be appointed to examine and report on all claims that may be presented to them for Quartermaster and Commissary stores furnished the Federal Army during the late war.

The undersigned are prepared to furnish blanks, and give all information to those having claims—and to prosecutel the same to final settlement. Having received the endorsement for ability, &c., from the Hon. Senators Messrs. Pool and Abbott and the Representatives from North Carolina—we believe that we can give satisfaction to all who entrust their claims to us.

McLELLAND & BENEDICT,
Attorneys and solicitors of Claims and Patents
405 North Street, Washington, D. C.
14 tf.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.—

10 YEARS OF A
Public test has proved
DR. CROOK'S
WINE OF TAR.

To have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered the public.

It is rich in the Medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequalled for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures.

Coughs, Colds, Chronic Coughs,

It effectually cures them all.

Asthma and Bronchitis

Has cured so many cases it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

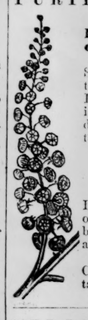
Pains in Breast, Side or Back, Gravel or Kidney Disease, Diseases of the Urinary Organs Jaundice or any Liv-Complaint.

It has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic
Restores the Appetite,
Strengthens the System,
Restores the Weak and Debilitated
Causes the Food to Digest.
Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion
Prevents Malarious Fevers,
Gives tone to your System.

TRY DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.



For Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in form.

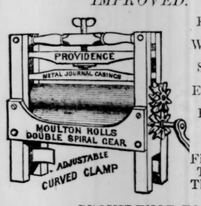
Any disease or eruption of the Skin, disease of the liver, Rheumatism, Pimples, Old Sores, Ulcers, Broken-down Constitutions, Syphilis, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, try

DR. CROOK'S
SYRUP OF
POKE ROOT

It has the medicinal property of Poke combined with a preparation of Iron which goes at once into the blood, performing the most rapid and wonderful cures.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root—take it and be healed. 21—tf.

RELIANCE WRINGER,
IMPROVED.



Keyed Rolls,
White Rubber
Spiral Cogs,
Easy Working,
Has Curved Clamp.
Fits any Tub.
THE BEST.
The Cheapest
Try IT

PROVIDENCE TOOL CO.,
Providence, R. I
11 Warren Street, New York. 33—3m

DISMAL SWAMP STEAM TRANS., CO

Carrying the United States Mail

From Elizabeth City, N. C., to Norfolk, Va.

The Steamer "Thomas Jefferson," Conklin, Commanding, leaves the wharf of the Company at E. City every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M., returning alternate days from Newton's wharf at Norfolk, Va., at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further information applly to
W. A. HARNEY, Agent.
E. City March 20th, 1872.

PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING
NEATLY, CHEAPLY AND PROMPTLY
EXECUTED.

GEO. D. POOL'S COLUMN.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.
OF VALUABLE
NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,
FOR SALE BY
GEORGE D. POOL.
Real Estate Agent,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

In presenting my list of lands and other properties for sale, I would say that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalisis and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where: and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility, and durability of soil, no section can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Weldon, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A Steam Saw and Grist Mill in the town of Nixonton 8 miles from E. City. This Mill has a fine wharf and store attached on deep navigable water, the engine is 40 horse power, and all in good order. It is one of the finest locations to be found any where for custom work, and for getting good saw logs easily and cheaply. Price $4,000 cash.

Adjoining the mill property is 40 acres of fine land on the River, with three houses, all for $1200. Near the same is a good two story dwelling and 13 acres of land for $2,000, and a good one story dwelling, with one acre of land for $300.

Also two fine farms in Pasquotauk county, 10 miles from E. City, within half mile of church, school house and post office. One tract contains about 400 acres, with fair buildings and mostly cleared, and the other contains 300 acres, with good two story dwelling, large barn, and other outhouses, both are offered at $20 per acre, one third cash, balance in one and two years.

Also one other tract in Pasquotauk county, containing 116 acres, within one mile of the town with fine buildings, mostly cleared and in cultivation. Price $25 per acre, one half cash, balance in 12 months.

A valuable site for a hotel at Nag's Head, 40 miles from Elizabeth City, and 50 miles from Edenton. This is situated immediately on the Ocean, and is a famous Summer resort for invalids, and those seeking health, comfort, and amusements during the summer months. It is in direct communication by steamboats and railroad with all parts of North Carolina, Virginia, and the North; and is equal in natural advantages to Newport, or Cape May. Visitors flock to this famous summer resort by hundreds and thousands, and a large amount of money can be made by a hotel. A charter has been obtained from the Legislature of N. C., for a joint stock company to build the hotel. There is now an old hotel on the spot, which could be cheaply repaired and bought for $3,000. This hotel, though imperfectly kept, cleared the proprietor last season, over $3.000. For a man or a company, having some capital, this is one of the finest chances to make money at hotel keeping to be found anywhere. The early attention of the public is invited to this property.

A fine steam saw and grist mill at Hertford, the county seat of Perquimans County, N. C., 18 miles from Elizabeth City. This mill has a fifty horse power engine, now in good running, two pairs of best French burr stones, and two upright saws. The house has a brick basement, and the building is large and in good order. There is one and a half acres of land belonging to this property, and a good two story dwelling, and other out-houses. The section of country adjacent abounds in the finest yellow pine, cypress, ash, poplar, and other valuable timber. This property originally cost $15.000, and is now offered at forced sale for the low price of $3.500, $7.00, cash, and the balance in six equal instalments, six months apart each with interest.

A fine farm and fishery in same county. The farm contains 400 acres of the finest land, lies immediately on Albemarle Sound where the water is 12 miles wide, and 18 to 20 feet deep, has got buildings, and fine neighborhood. The fishery is on the farm and goes with it. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, and all the necessary boats, buildings, &c., (which cost over $15,000 two years ago.) The fishery alone, of a good season, will make from 5 to $10,000 profit to the owner. This property is offered at forced sale for the low price of $20,000, $7,000 cash, balance on easy times.

A store at South Mills, in Camden county, 20 miles from E. City, and 20 miles from Norfolk, lying on the canal where steamers pass daily. A fine chance for merchandize. Store is large with dwelling above containing six rooms, is in first rate order, has office, kitchen, dairy, and other necessary outhouses. Goods to the amt. of $50,000 per annum can be sold here, and at large profits. A splended stand for a country retail store. Price $2,500—one third cash, balance in one and two years.

A valuable tract of land in Camden county, at South Mills, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, lying on the canal for two miles, containing over 900 acres of land—two-thirds cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation, with good buildings, &c.; balance in valuable timber. Price $12,000, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest from January, 1871. This is a valuable farm for corn, wheat, and vegetables, and being midway between Elizabeth City and Norfolk, and located where steamers pass by the door daily, is a desirable and cheap property.

A fine farm of 600 acres within six miles of E. City, one mile from navigable water, and the best cotton farm in the State. It is also well adapted to raising corn and wheat. This farm has a splended two-story dwelling upon it, large barn, 40 by 60 feet, a large number of outhouses, by splended trees and shrubbery, is in a strong Union neighborhood, and altogether the most desirable place in the county. A little over one-half of this land is cleared, and the balance is covered with the finest yellow pine, poplar, ash and other timber. Price $30 per acre—one-third cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Title reserved.

Sixteen houses and lots in Elizabeth City, with good dwellings, out-houses, &c. Prices and terms reasonable.

A valuable farm in Perquimans county, N. C. near navigable water. Has a fine dwelling-house with ten rooms, in splended order, with splended barns and stables—all in first rate order. The farm is very productive in corn, oats, wheat, cotton and clover. It is one of the finest farms in the State and is now in good cultivation, contains 585 acres of land, about three-fourths cleared and under cultivation. Price $10,000, one-third cash January 1, next balance in two equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent.

A farm of 370 acres 8 miles from town by water, and 12 miles by land, is offered for sale for $10,000 in easy payments. This tract of land lies immediately on the River which is 4 miles wide and washes the farm its whole length on one side, and a branch of the River one mile wide, binds it on one end. The land is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, peas, &c., lies high and dry, and is susceptible of the highest improvement. Fronting and looking over, as it does, two large sheets of navigable water, where steamers and sailing vessels are constantly passing, carrying freight and passengers to all parts of the country, its location and surroundings, are of the most fascinating and desirable character. There is a fishery on it ready for working a seine 2,500 yards long, and which commands a portion of both streams of water, and can be made immensely profitable. The price charged is low, and the purchase a very desirable one. The buildings consist of a good two-story dwelling and out-houses.

A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

A Farm of 200 acres within one mile of Elizabeth City, with good two story dwelling, large barn and stables, and all necessary outhouses, orchard of fine fruit trees, and a large number of ornamental trees and shrubbery around dwelling. This farm is on one of the most public roads in the County—is in a high state of cultivation—has fine and durable fences, &c. Altogether, it is the richest land and most desirable location, anywhere in the neighborhood of the town. Price $6000—one-half cash, balance in easy payments.

For further particulars, enquire of
GEO. D. POOL,
Agent.
Elizabeth City, N. C., Mar. 9, 1871.

LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY'S COLUMN.

To the People of the Albemarle District of N C. Greeting:

Furniture! Furniture!

furniture!

HEAR YE, HEAR YE, HEAR YE,

THE LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY,

of

ELIZABETH CITY

N. C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS

IN

FURNITURE:

They have the largest and best selected Stock of FURNITURE ever brought to this section which they will sell at the very LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Now is the time for bargains.

Come one! Come all!!

REMEMBER THE

FURNITURE STORE

ON

WATER STREET.

KEYSTONE MILL CO'S COLUMN.

STOP TAKING SO MUCH MEDICINE. EAT BETTER FOOD!!

KEYSTONE MILL COMPANY'S

PREPARED WHEAT

AND

SUGAR OF MILK.

Patented July 23d, 1872.

A FARINACEOUS FOOD FOR INVALIDS AND INFANTS.

By the peculiar process in which this preparation is made, all the flesh forming constituents—EARTHY and SALINE elements of the grain are retained, with none of the STARCH, all of which being converted into Dextrine. It contains all the Lime, Sulphur, Phosphorus, Iron and Manganese for the animal juices, and Gum and Fecula for respiration and fatty tissue, with the proteine compounds (Gluten, Albumen &c.) from which nerve and muscular tissues are formed.

It is believed by the most intelligent men that much of the *suffering, sickness and mortality* of mankind is traceable to *deficient* or *faulty* nutrition. The same cause may also be assigned the frequent disapointment of physicians in the result of the action of most approved remedies. We feel sure that this article will supply the deficiency.

Sugar of Milk.

[LACTIN.]

Is a chrystalized sugar, obtained from the whey of cow's milk by evoporation. It is manufactured largely in Switzerland and the Bavarian Alps as an artiele of food and for medical purposes.

It has been used considerably in England as a non-nitrogenous article of diet in Consumption and other Pulmonary Diseases, and with excelent effect in extreme Irritability of the Stomach, (see Wood & Bache's Dispensatory.)

We manufacture 2 grades :—No. 1, in yellow wrapper, ground coarse, to be eaten as cracked wheat, with cream. No. 2, white wrapper, is ground into Flour for Puddings, Blanc-Mange and Bread.

DIRECTIONS.

For Making Mush with No. 1, Ground Coarce.—Mix four tablespoonfuls of the Wheat with a gill of cold water; rub into a smooth paste; then pour it into a pint of boiling water, stirring briskly, boil for 20 minutes.

To be eaten with rich cream.

For Puddings, &c. use No. 2, Ground Fine.—Mix a tablespoonfnl of the food with a small quantity of cold water rub to a smooth paste; add to one-half pint of boiling water, constantly stirring, and boil about 8 minutes over a moderate fire. Add milk and flavor to taste. For bread, use as ordinary flour.

PRICE 50 CENTS A POUND.

PACKED IN A PATENTED ORNAMENTAL TIN CAN.

PHYSICIANS SUPPLIED AT ONCE

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PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Vol.—4 7—1y.

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LUTHER SHELDON,
Dealer In
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,
MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, STAIR RAILS,
NEWELS,
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
AND
BUILDING MATERIAL,
Of every description,
178 WATER STREET
NORFOLK VA.

CARPETS AND UPHOLSTERY.—
H. WERTHEIMER.
24 Main Street, Norfolk, Va,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
STAPLE AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Keeps on hand a full line of Linen Goods, such as Sheetings, in all widths, Shirtings, Towels, Crashes, Table Damasks, Napkins and Doyles, Table and Crumb Cloths, a large assortment of Cotton Sheetings from 4-4 to 12-4, the very best makes.

A splended assortment of White Goods and Quilts, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Matting Rugs, &c., &c.

Special attention is called to the Upholstery and Paper-Hangings. A large stock of Wall Papers at very reduced prices.

Damasks, Plain and Striped Reps, Lace Curtains, Dimitys, French, English, and American Furniture Calicos, to which Particular Attention is called.

April 13, 1871-1y.

THE CHEAP STOVE STORE,
No. 4 WIDE WATER STREET,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Having the largest and most complete assortment of *Cook and Heating Stoves* to be found south of Baltimore, I can offer inducements to buyers which cannot be found elsewhere. Parties in want of stoves will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing, as I am determined to sell as low as the Northern cities. Every stove sold by me warranted, and if it does not prove as represented, the money will be returned. (Forty-five pieces of furniture with each cook stove.)

I have also on hand a full stock of Tin Ware, Japanned Ware, Lamp Goods of all kind, Toilet Ware. &c., wholesale and retail.

☞Guttering, Roofing, and Repairing, of all kinds, done in the best manner and on the most reasonable terms.

J. R. GILLETT,
ap13-1y. Wide Water St. Norfolk, Va.

GRANT, MANN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS
And dealers in
FURNITURE,
UPHOLSTERY,
WINDOW SHADES
AND
CARPETS,
Johnson's Hall, Main St.,
NORFOLK, VA.

Prices Lower than Northern Markets.

Dealers and consumers wanting goods in our line will do well to give us a call before selecting, as they may find it to their advantage.

Keep constantly on hand all kinds of
FURNITURE,
which we offer at very small advance on price of manufacture.

Call attention to our large stock of
Mattings and Oil Cloths,
which offer at old prices, notwithstanding the advance over last season's prices.

Special attention given to all orders.
GRANT, MANN & CO.

THE
NORTH CAROLINIAN
NEWSPAPER,
AND
JOB OFFICE.

—:o:—

Office near Corner of
Main and Road Sts.,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

—:o:—

Handbills, Circulars, Billheads, Blanks, Checks, Paper Books, Programmes, and every other kind of printing executed in the very latest style and at
REASONABLE RATES.

—:o:—

Printing in Colors, Bronzes, and Fancy Styles done in the neatest manner and at short notice.

—:o:—

Business men in general, will find it to their interest to patronize the
CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

SEND YOUR JOB WORK TO THE
North Carolinian
OFFICE.
We have the largest assortment of Job Type ever brought to this section, consequently we can do your job work in a style that cannot be surpassed in any city.

What Horace Greeley Thinks of the Democratic Party.

EXTRACTS, RICH, RARE AND RACY.

Now that Mr. Greeley has become *the leader* of the Democracy, we present the following extracts from editorials of *the New York Tribune*, writen by Mr. Greeley during the forty years of his editorial life. They are refreshing, and will not nauseate Democrats who have lost all self-respect,—forsaken principle in their hunt for office,—and become first-class *dirt-eaters.* The extracts are as follows:

THE WHITE HOUSE DISEASE.

"Mr. Webster was not only a gentleman, but he had the elements of moral greatness; and he had his faults as well. He failed only in one respect; and in this respect I differ from him—he wanted to be President, and I don't.—*Horace Greeley, in* 1868.

OUR GREATEST MAN.

"We have seen our greatost man, Mr. Chase, making the same blunder. I have seen men who had the disease early, and died of it at a very old age."—*Horace Greeley, in* 1868.

THE FATE OF GEN. CASS.

"Gen. Lewis Cass died at 82, and up to the day of his death he wanted to be President. No one ever escapes who catches the disease: he lives and dies in the delusion. Being a reader and an observer at an early age, I saw how it poisoned and paralyzed the best of our public men, and have carefully avoided it."—*Horace Greeley, in* 1866.

THE GOOD SENSE OF GEN. GRANT.

"We, at least, in our day, have a President-elect who did not try to be President. He was elected mainly on that account."—*Horace Greeley, in* 1868.

THE ENEMY OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

"If the Democratic party were called upon to decide between Grant and myself, I know that their regard for what they must call principle would induce nine-tenths of them to vote against me. Why? I am a decided enemy of that party, even in its most respectable aspects."—*Horace Greeley, in* 1871.

PICTURES OF THE DEMOCRACY.

"Every one who chooses to live by pugilism or gambling or harlotry, with nearly every keeper of a tippling house, is politically a Democrat."—*Horace Greeley.*

IGNORANCE A DEMOCRATIC ALLY.

"If there were not a newspaper or a common school in the country, the Democratic party would be far stronger than it is."—*Horace Greeley.*

DEMOCRATIC ESSENTIALS.

"The essential articles of the Democratic creed [are] 'love rum and hate niggers.' The less one learns and knows, the more certain he is to vote the regular ticket from A to izzard."—*Horace Greeley.*

WHO ARE DEMOCRATS.

"We thereupon asked our contemporary to state frankly whether the pugilists, blacklegs, thieves, burglars, keepers of dens of prostitution, etc., etc., * * * were not almost unanimously Democrats."—*Horace Greeley.*

DEMOCRATIC VIRTUES.

"To smoke is a Democratic virtue; to chew is that virtue intensified; to drink rum is that virtue in the superlative."—*Horace Greeley.*

THE DANGEROUS CLASSES ALL DEMOCRATS.

"A purely selfish interists attaches the lewd, ruffianly, criminal, and dangerous classes to the Democratic party."—*Horace Greeley.*

SIX IN A BED.

"This would amount to six in a bed, exclusive of any other vermin, for every Democratic couch in the State of New York, including those at Sing Sing and Auburn."—*Horace Greeley.*

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATS'

"Point wherever you please to an election district which you will pronounce morally rotten, given up in great part to debauchery and vice; where voters subsist mainly by keeping policy-offices, gambling houses, grog-shops and darker dens of infamy, and that district will be found at nearly or quite every election giving a majority for that which styles itself 'the Democratic party.' Take all the haunts of debauchery in the land, and you will find nine tenths of their master spirits active partisans of that same Democracy. What is the instinct, the sympathetic chord, which attaches them so uniformly to this party? Will you consider?"—*Horace Greeley.*

REBEL DEMOCRACY.

"The brain, the heart, the soul of the present Democratic party is the rebel element at the South, with its Northern allies and simpathisers. It is rebel at the core to-day. It would come into power with the hate, the chagrin, the wrath, the mortification of ten bitter years to impel and guide its steps. It would devote itself to taking off or reducing tax after tax until the Treasury was deprived of the means of paying interest on the national debt, and would hail the tidings of national bankruptcy with unalloyed gladness and unconcealed exultation. Whatever chastisement may be deserved by our national sins, we must hope that this disgrace and humiliation will be spared us."—*Horace Greely.*

THE FEROCIOUS PROTECTICNIST."

"You only err as to the proper candidate. I am not the man you need. Your party is modestly Free Trade, and I am a ferocious Protectionist. I have no doubt that I might be nominated and elected by your help but it would place us all in a false position."—*Horace Greeley to P. Donan, in* 1871.

"THE BAYNOT LAW OF 1870"

"It is urged by the Democratic organs that the law is to be enforced in State and municipal elections. This is done to make it more obnoxions, if that be possible, to their party. But, unfortunately, this is an error. The law applies only to presidential and congressional election, though we heartily wish it could be made to apply to *all others.*"—*Horace Greeley.*

THE KU KLUX LAW.

"I hold our Government bound by its duty of protecting our citizens in their fundamental rights, to pass and enforce laws for the extirpation of the execrable Ku Klux conspiricy; and, if it has not the power to do it, then I say our Government is no government, but a sham. I, therefore, on every proper occasion, advocated and justified the Ku Klux Act. I hold it especially desirable for the South; and, if it does not prove strong enough to effect its pourpose, I hope it will be made stronger and stronger."—*Horace Greely in* 1872!

ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S LINEL SUCCESSOR.

"Many will be surprised at the President's hearty endorsement of civil service reform [in his message of 1870;] but he has been there all along. The President's summing up of the leading objects of his policy, and especially his desire to secure a pure and untrameled vote, must appeal cogently to the judgement and affections of the American people. He is Abraham Lincoln's lineal successor; and the populor heart beats in unison with his administration and his efforts."—*Horace Greeley in* 1870